Bellefonte Republican.

Established in 1869.} "Let us see to it, that a Government of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."---A. LINCOLN. {Terms: $2.00 per annum

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Bellefonte Republican.

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - - Editor.

Terms, $2.00 per annnm in Advance

Hoyt on Finance.

Professing to be an honest man, the candidate of an honest organization, I favor honest money.

The volume of the currency should be regulaled by legitimate demand, and not by the requirements of bankrupts and wild speculators.

The currency should be redeemable as early as the exigencies of the Government will permit, in the currency recognized by all civilized nations.

The contracts of the Government should be held as sacred as the contracts of individuals, and the bonds, the evidence of its indebtedness, should be paid according to the understanding between the Government and the lender.

—Speech at Butler, Sept. 2, 1878.

EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

ONWARD, Republicans!

TO THE front, every Republican.

WONDER if Aleck McClure has heard from Ohio?

WE haven't heard any one doubt as to the result in Iowa.

HON. JOHN W. FORNEY is on his way home. Welcome!

A REDUCTION of street car fares in Philadelphia is on the tapis.

GEO. BANCROFT, the historian, is recovering from his injuries.

THE county ticket is worthy of every honest man's support.

WE are pleased with the result in Ohio, and say "hit him agin!"

THE Republican party is responsible for the good tariff laws that we have.

WHAT has become of Potter? The country is tired of waiting for "slush."

THE Knights of Labor in and about Scranton are decreasing very materially in numbers.

LET every Republican stand true, and Pennsylvania will do even better than Ohio.

THE people of Ohio said last Tuesday, "we are emphatically in favor of honest money."

ANDREW JACKSON said that "an irredeemable currency is a curse." We take sides with Andrew.

BARON VON SCHLOZER, the German Minister to this country, has arrived.

SAYLER, of Ohio, caught a little of the blast that struck Hale, of Maine. Rough weather makes a good *Sayler* and *Hale* men.

ALECK MCCLURE is at sea on election prognostications. His prestige is gone, especially since Ohio has gone Republican.

WE believe the people of this nation are not yet willing to deliver the government into the hands of traitors and thieves.

CHAIRMAN QUAY is mapping out a vigorous campaign in Pennsylvania and makes his announcements in the *Press*.

A FEW more "whoops" like that of Ohio, will bring every Republican in the country to his feet, and put every Democrat in his little bed.

MISS KATE COFFMAN, who bore the enviable reputation of being "the most beautiful woman of the South," died of yellow fever at Grenada, Miss.

NINETY-FIVE per cent. of the American operatives employed in Massachusetts can read and write. That being the case, Butler will have no show among that class.

GENERAL SHERMAN is of the opinion that the prospect for civilizing the red skins is not very bright. They have been on trial for a hundred years, and their probation should soon end.

The Judgeship.

Since the Republican conference of this Judicial District, at their meeting last week, adopted a resolution deeming it inexpedient to nominate a candidate for President Judge, we, in accordance with what we understand to be the desire of the majority of the Republicans of Centre county, place the name of Charles A. Mayer at the head of our columns. It seems to be the feeling of the best men of all parties, that, for the position of Judge, party feeling and rivalry should give way, and that the best men for the position should be sought, regardless of his private political views. The idea of trailing the judicial ermine into the arena of politics seems to be regarded by all good men with disfavor. The judge on the bench has men of all parties to appear before him for justice, and he should be held above and beyond all necessity for asking favors of any party or class of men. The judge, therefore, who is elected by the unanimous voice of the people of his district, must and can enter upon his duties without fear or favor. No party of men can say to him, "you owe your election to us, and that, therefore, you should do this or that favor for me." But he can occupy the high and independent position of the man who is chosen. Not because he belonged to this or that party, but because of his great ability and peculiar fitness for the position. It is not necessary for us to tell the voters of the twenty-fifth judicial district that Judge Mayer is able and fully qualified to be their choice. His official life and acts for the past ten years are before them. Let them study them and decide for themselves. Another important consideration is the fact that he has had ten years experience. For this important position we want men of ability, honesty, industry and experience, and what better recommendation of character for all these virtues can a judge have than the unanimous endorsement of the lawyers of all the bars in his district, the pledge of the men who have been officially associated with him in all his acts in all these years of his official life, that he is of all men most worthy to again receive the endorsement of the sovereigns of his district. It is true, Judge Mayer is a Democrat, was nominated by the Democratic party. It might, therefore, be urged by some Republicans that we ought not to support him on that account; but shall we, the Republicans of Central Pennsylvania, be more illiberal than the members of the old Bourbon party in the eastern part of the State? In Philadelphia men of all parties are supporting, for this position, Judges Thayer, Briggs and Ashman, all Republicans. If the Democrats of the Quaker city can drop politics in this matter, shall we who are more manly and liberal in such matters generally, do less? No, there must be some more potent reason urged against the present incumbent, than that he differs with us politically, to justify Republicans in withholding their support.

A SPECIAL to the Philadelphia *Times* from Washington says the Democaatic President makers thereabouts seem to agree that of the candidates now much spoken of Bayard is about the only one left in the field. Thurman has died, they say, of greenbacks, and Hendricks has been too soft on the money question to be of use in the future. Tilden, though of hard money, has been put out of the field by the cipher telegrams and his wicked partners.

THE steamer City of New York, from Sidney via Honolulu, has arrived at San Francisco, bringing the following from New Zealand: Five Western missionaries were murdered and eaten by the bush natives near the Malicala coast. Eighty of the tribe were killed by the traders and coast natives in retaliation.

Democratic Trick.

The Democratic State Committee have called upon the county organizations for the name and address of every minister in the county. Also the names and addresses of five active christian men in each election district, with the denomination to which they belonged, &c. When this became known it did not require a sage to determine that our opponents had some mean, dirty work or election trick in contemplation. The publication of a circular from the chairman of the Democratic County Committee, of Blair county, asking for this information, was another evidence that some under-handed work was in progress. It now turns out that the purpose of the gathering of these names of ministers and members of the different christian denominations was, that they might, at the last moment, circulate the falsehood, that General Hoyt, the Republican candidate for Governor, was an infidel in faith. It appears also, that a brother of Senator Dill, the Democratic candidate for Governor, is engaged in the disreputable business of circulating personally and by letter, this wretched calumny.

We do not propose to waste many words upon this contemptible electioneering scheme. Early this month its existence was brought to the attention of the Pittsburgh *Commercial*, from which office a letter of inquiry was sent to Rev. Dr. Nelson, of the agents of the Methodist Book Concern in New York city, an intimate acquiantance of General Hoyt. Dr. Nelson wrote to Rev. Dr. Olin, Presiding Elder of the Wyoming District and a resident of Wilkesbarre, from whom, and from Rev. Dr. T. B. Hodge, Presbyterian minister in Wilkesbarre, replies were received. We append these letters in full, in their order:

NEW YORK, October 4, 1878.

J. Vannote, Esq., Pittsburgh, Pa.:

DEAR SIR—Your note informing me that General Henry M. Hoyt is charged with being an infidel surprised me beyond measure. I have known him well from his boyhood. He prepared for college at the Wyoming Conference Seminary under my charge, and having graduated at college, at my earnest request the trustees elected him as one of our teachers in the Seminary. Both in the institution and among all its patrons, as well as throughout the entire community, he was universally and deservedly held in high esteem. I have always regarded him as a firm believer in the Bible and revealed religion. From his youth up till the change of my residence from Wyoming Valley to this city, six years ago, so intimate was my acquaintance with General Hoyt that had he been in the least degree inclined to infidelity, I could not have failed to discover it. When I read your note, I said to himself, "It can't be that within the past few years my friend Hoyt has fallen a prey to scepticism," so firmly had I regarded him established in the belief of Christianity. However, to be absolutely sure that no such change in General Hoyt's religious views had taken place within the past six years as to give any occasion, whatever, for charging him with being an infidel, I wrote Rev. Dr. W. H. Olin, presiding elder of Wyoming district, and resident of Wilkesbarre, the General's home.

Herewith I hand you Dr. Olin's letter, and also one from Rev. Dr. Hodge, of the same city. Permit me also to say that Mr. McClintock, to whom Dr. Hodge refers, is known throughout the State as one of the first and most highly respected lawyers of the Luzerne bar. I write in the interest of truth, and not to eulogize General Hoyt, though I have always had a high regard for him as a man of decided ability and sterling merit. I unite with Rev. Drs. Olin and Hodge in declaring the charge that General Hoyt is an infidel, to be wholly without foundation.

Very truly, yours,
R. NELSON.

WILKESBARRE, Oct. 1, 1878.

R. Nelson, D. D.: DEAR DOCTOR: Your note of the 28th ult. concerning the report that Gen. Hoyt is an infidel, came to hand yesterday. In reply I say I have been acquainted with the General for eight or nine years—the last four and over in this city. I never heard such a charge even hinted until last week, and then from a slip of newspaper sent me by a friend. After receiving your note yesterday I called on Rev. F. B. Hodge, the pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, in this city, and on the family of Gen. Hoyt, and showed him your note. After reading it he emphatically pronounced the charge of infidelity made against the Gen. utterly untrue. From conversations had with several of our older citizens who have known the General from his young manhood, I have no doubt of the correctness of Rev. Mr. Hodge's characterization of said report. Yours truly, W. H. OLIN.

DEAR SIR—Dr. Olin has handed me your letter, and I cheerfully add over my own signature an emphatic denial that there is any truth in the report that Gen. Hoyt is an infidel. From personal conversation and from the testimony of men who know him intimately, I am positive on this point. And T. McClintock, Esq., well known to you, says he has often heard Gen. Hoyt defend the Bible, and revealed religion in his office in dispute with brother lawyers. Yours respectfully,
T. B. HODGE.

Mr. McClintock, referred to in Dr. Hodge's letter, is a Democrat in politics, and one of the oldest and ablest in the Luzerne Bar.

The Philadelphia *Press*, in an article upon the subject, closes as follows: "We commend this record to the consideration of Mr. Speer, with the single remark that as his party is doomed to overthrow, and his candidate to defeat, he should so manage the campaign as to leave upon himself no stain of dishonor. His duty to his party and his candidate does not require the tactics indicated in his circular; and if persevered in, regardless of the established facts in the case, the rebuke which will surely be visited by the people upon both him and his candidate will be so overwhelming as to leave no doubt of its meaning."

THE Republican party has been true to honest money from the beginning of the new forms to which the currency question has been forced in politics. From 1875 to the pending campaign, the Democrats have been boxing the compass on the currency question, and when Fernando Wood had his free trade scheme before Congress, he was ready to trade votes for either hard or fiat money to get support for his measure. At the opening of the Gubernatorial canvass in Pennsylvania, the Democracy began by intriguing with the Nationals and the Labor-Reformers, ready to make any arrangement by which they could lure Republicans into that party, but when Gen. Hoyt boldly announced himself in favor of honest money, Dill came hurriedly forward with a hard money speech to counteract the frank avowal of Gen. Hoyt. No two Democratic leaders agree on the financial question. On the other hand, every Republican orator and organ in the State advocates honest money.—*Telegraph.*

MCCLURE speaks thusly of the National party in commenting on things generally: "The Nationals have sounded their horns about the walls of the old parties and have made all sides tremble and many of every faith bow to their assumed omnipotence; but the elections of Tuesday pricked the bubble and the new organization is stripped of pestige and a future denied to it. It was born of misrule and suffering; it lived to tell a brilliant romance of itself; it will perish in unnoted agonies. It is but a protest against power; the midway house where the deserter from every side tarries rather than enter the enemy's camp."

THE *Press* says the only countries whose exports at present exceed their imports are the United States and India. The trade balance of India is small; that of the United States is enormous. Even France, which is being constantly quoted in many respects, has a present balance of trade against it of about $134,000,000. We might add that the protective policy adopted and sustained by the Republican party is to be honored for that state of things as regards the United States.

A SOLID South, with its northern allies, will compel you to pay $300,000,000 of rebel claims.

Dill and the Nine Million Steal.

The organs of the railroad candidate for Governor, Andrew H. Dill, having denied his guilty participation in the attempted nine million steal, it becomes our duty to place his record before our readers. It will be seen that "the child of the circuit" in this, as upon all other legislation entailing a surrender of rights upon the part of the Commonwealth at the bidding of corporations, was faithful to the greedy powers which placed him in the Legislature. It was only after the gubernatorial maggot had entered his head, that he awakened to the necessity of an occasional recognition of the wishes, interests and rights of the people.

Senate bill 1070, better known as the "Nine Million Steal," was railroaded through both Houses within forty-eight hours after its introduction. It was entitled "An Act to facilitate and secure the construction of an additional railway connection between the waters of the Susquehanna and the great lakes, Canada and the northwertern States, by extending the aid and credit of certain corporations to the Jersey Shore, Pine Creek and Buffalo Railway Company, and in like manner to aid the construction of the Pittsburgh, Virginia and Charleston railway, the Clearfield and Buffalo railway, and the Erie and Allegheny railway." The preamble sets forth the importance to the State of an additional connection of the anthracite and bituminous coal fields thro' the building of the above-mentioned roads, "thereby adding greatly to the taxable values for State, county and municipal purposes," etc. Section one authorized the Jersey Shore, Pine Creek and Buffalo railroad company to execute a first mortgage to the amount of six million dollars, which should cover their entire line of road, to secure the payment of six millions of the bonds of the Pennsylvania railroad company, then in the sinking fund of the State, and which were to be delivered to said Jersey Shore, Pine Creek and Buffalo railroad company; the proceeds of said bonds to be applied to the building of the Jersey Shore road. Section two provided that the $3,500,000 of Allegheny Valley railroad bonds, then in the hands of the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund, together with all the guarantees connected therewith, be "appropriated for aiding in the development of certain districts of the commonwealth," as follows: To the Pittsburgh, Virginia and Charleston railroad, $1,600,000; to the Clearfield and Buffalo railway company, $1,400,000; to the Erie and Allegheny railway company, $500,000—for which the State was to receive the bonds, respectively, bearing the same interest, maturing the same time as the bonds the State then held, in pro rata proportion from each company, "all of which shall be secured by a second mortgage upon these lines, the said companies limiting their first mortgage to an amount not exceeding $16,000 per mile, etc.

On March 17th, the foregoing bill was read and laid upon the table. In a few minutes thereafter a motion was made to proceed to second reading and consideration of the bill, and the yeas and nays were required by Messrs. Brown, of Clarion, and Shurlock, of Beaver. Mr. Dill, with fifty-three others, voted for the motion. Mr. Brown raised the point of order that it required a two-third vote to carry the motion; but the chair decided the point not well taken, and Messrs. Brown and Boileau appealed from the decision—the chair being sustained by A. H. Dill, of Union, and fifty-eight others. A motion to postpone consideration was voted down, Dill voting no. A motion to adjourn was voted down, Dill voting against it. The bill was then put upon its passage on second reading and Mr. Dill voted for it every time. Next day, March 18th, the bill was put upon third reading and passed, Dill, of Union, voting for it.

The above bill took from the sinking fund $9,500,000 of bonds amply secured, of which the interest and part of the principal was annually paid, substituting therefor the mortgage bonds of projected and experimental roads, thus jeopardizing the safety of the funds.

On February 7, 1870, bill No. 195, "An Act to authorize railroad companies, corporations and parties," was introduced and referred to the Committee on Railroads. This bill was intended to build up a railway monopoly and enable companies, through lack of competition, to exact enormous freight tariffs, and may be considered the foundation of the freight discriminations. On the 9th of February the bill was reported to the House. On the 10th it passed through its several readings and was adopted, Mr. A. H. Dill voting for it at every stage.—*Pittsburgh National-Labor Tribune, Workingmen's Organ-*

Newspaper Jottings.

—After sinking $90,000 the Charleston (S. C.) *Journal of Commerce* suspended.

—Miss Emily Faithful's London paper has a circulation of 50,000. She is a *Faithful* worker.

—O. D. Goodenough no longer retains an interest in the Mansfield (Pa.) *Advertiser*. He sold his interest to A. D. Lewis.

—Herbert Landrum, local editor and the last of the staff of the Memphis (Tenn.) *Avalanche*, died of Yellow fever on the 12th ult.

—North Carolina has one hundred and four newspapers and other literary publications. Nearly two hundred editors find employment upon their columns.

—A down-East editor wrote about a "*nisi prius* Judge," but the printer got "wise, pious Judge." The Judge felt complimented, but the editor was furious.

—The first number of Ditson & Co's *Musical Record* has reached us. It is full of musical *notes*, both in prose and poetry. The *Record* is published in Boston at $2 per annum.

—Charles E. Lum, of the firm of Smith & Lum, publishers of the South Orange (N. J.) *Bulletin*, has retired and a new firm styled O. B. Smith & Co., formed, which will continue the business.

—Advice by English mail announces the death, at Runton, near Cromer, at the age of seventy-six, of Mrs. Thomas Mortimer, *nee* Bevan, an authoress who, in the opinion of the *Pall Mall Gazette*, had more juvenile readers than any contemporary writer.

—Every one connected with the Charles City *Intelligencer*, Muscatine *Journal*, Cedar Rapids *Republican*, and Nevada *Representative* are teetotalers—bosses and employes. The above are all Iowa papers.—*Ex.* We think the Le Mars *Liberal* crew was afflicted the same way not long since. How is it Leidy? Take a vote.

—A New Hampshire editor, who has been keeping a record of big beets, announces at last "that beet that beat the beet the beat the other beet is now beaten by a beet that beats all the other beets, whether the original beet, the beet that beat the beet, or the beet that beat the beet that beat the other beet."

—Mrs. Charlotte Smith, editor and publisher of the *Inland Monthly Magazine*, recenly lost a package of valuable papers involving $50,000 worth of property destroyed in Memphis in 1862. The package contained a letter from Gen. Morgan L. Smith protesting against the destruction of the property, an order from Gen. Grant forbidding any one to interfere with the property of Mrs. Catharine Odlam, and a letter from a Capt. Moore of an Illinois Regiment who was present at the destruction of the house and property.

—A Japanese compositor has hard work to do; for every word has a distinct character. A correspondent describing the office of a Japanese paper says that a full font of Japanese type comprises fifty thousand characters, three thousand of which are in constant use, and for two thousand more there are frequent calls. The type is disposed about the composing room on racks, like those in a reading room, and the compositors wander up and down the aisle setting type and taking exercise at the same time. With so many characters it is no wonder the Japanese proof-readers have to be men of intelligence and high scholarship.

THE Lewisburg *Chronicle* is enthusiastic over General Beaver for Congress. Rather late just now, but just wait until Mr. Hoyt's term as Governor expires. Then we expect to have the General on the track for Hoyt's position. However, Mr. Beaver would make a good Congressman, but a better Governor.

Christine Nillson lost $40,000 by the decline of Western mortgages. She lost more than that when she declined—well, it's all over now, and we write more in sorrow than in anger.

Mrs. Tilton's approaching book will be half calf.

Poetry.

QUESTIONS.

And art thou a fallen sister,
Grov'ling by the wayside track?
Passing virtue, hast thou missed her,
With no voice to call thee back?

Lying crushed among the brambles,
Pierced, and mocked, and sore afraid,
Couldst thou find, in all thy rambles,
Ne'er a hand to give thee aid?

Did no *mother* see thee stumble,
Lift thee for her daughter's sake?
Did no *sister*, bending humble,
Meek, thy hand to guide thee take?

When thou, shiv'ring, cold and needy,
Stood before the open door,
Did no *woman* come and feed thee,
Bid thee go and sin no more?—

Softly murmur words of comfort,
Turn thy erring face to light?
Point thee, shining in the eastward,
Stars that lead to God and right?

What! doth say that virtuous woman's
Ear is deaf to sister's woe?—
That woman's heart—so gentle, human—
First will scoff and scorn thee so?

That man's pity is less wary,
His hand readier to save
Than a MAGDALENE or MARY'S—
Sisters of them CHRIST forgave?

With *her* robes she may not brush thee,
Lest they lose their snowy hue?—
She must be the first to crush thee,
Flaunting thus her own virtue?

Alas! then, poor, fallen daughter,
Shall she dare to judge *thy* crime,
Mindless of the Love He taught her—
Bible precepts, line on line?

And when our accounts are given
Of both sin and credit due,
Will no sister bear in heaven
Some of wrong she's charged to you?

Oh, I'd rather gain in heaven
Snowy wreaths of Mercy's flowers,
Than to bear a sceptre, even,
In this heartless world of ours!

Jangled groups of alder bushes
'Neath the river's verdant banks;
Flags blue blossomed—spearlike rushes
Standing close in serried ranks;

Sunset's golden arrows falling
On the water's rippled breast—
Wild birds through the stillness calling
From some leaf-embowered nest;

Whispered murmurs, deep and solemn,
Pulsing through the shadowy pines;
Fiery gleams on each gray column
Where the sunset's glory shines;

Sweetest incense upward going,
From the river's glassy rim,
Where hang roses palely glowing
Through the shadows dusk and dim.

Into darkness grows the twilight,
Whispers of the night, the breeze;
Starbeams glimmer through the skylight
Of the ancient forest trees.

Day's last embers, quenched and dying,
Now no more far down the west;
Hushed the bird-notes—only sighing
Tells the wind of night and rest.

—*Inter Ocean.*

"THEM YANKEE BANDITS."

Where Suffering and Brotherly Kindness Brought Hearts Together in Love.

BY SAMUEL W. SMALL.

Yes, John, I was down thar at Memphis
A-workin' around at the boats,
A-heaven' o' cotton with empha'sis
An' a loadin' her onter the floats,
I was comin' away from Old Texas,
Whar I went, you know, arter the wah—
'Bout it now I'll make nor flexes,
But wait till I get ter long taw.

Well, while I was down thar the fever,
As yaller an' pizen as sin,
Broke out; an' ef you'll beleeve her,
Wharever she hit she struck in!
It didn't take long in the hatchin',
It jes' fa'riy bred in the air,
Till a hosspitel camp warn't a patchin'
An' we'd plenty o' corpses to spare.

I thought that my duty was clear—
An' I didn't look back'ards but for'ards,
An' went ter my work 'ithout fear.
One day, however, she got me
As quick as the shot of a gun,
An' they toted me off ter allot me
A bunk till my life-race was run.

The doctors and nurses they wrestl'd,
But it didn't do me any good;
An' the drugger he pounded an' pestled,
But he didn't git up the right food.
"No blankits ner ice in the city!"
I heard 'em say that from my bed—
An' some cried: "O God! who'll take pity
On the dyin' that soon 'll be dead?"

Next day, howsomever, the doctor
Come in with a smile on his brow;
"Old boy, jest as yit we hain't knocked her,'
Said he, "but we'll do fer her now!"
Fer, yer see, John, them folks to the Nor'ward
Hed hear'd us afore we call'd twice
An' they'd sent us a full cargo forward
Of them much needed blankits and ice!

Well, brother, I've been mighty solid
Agin Yankees, yer know, since the wah,
An' agin reconstruktin' was solid
Not kearin' for Kongriss ner law;
But, John, I got onder that kiver,
That God-blessed gift o' the Yanks,
An' it say'd me from fordin' "the river,"
And I'm prayin' them oceans o' thanks!

AUTUMNAL.

Upon the woodland avenues a balmy carpet lies,
Of dappled leaves which glow and gleam like wine-kissed butterflies;
Adown the walks, in reverie, Clarinda joyous goes,
And sentimental lingers o'er the pale September rose.

The breezes woo the petals of the chaste forget-me-nots,
The flowers look dyspeptic in the garden's lonely plots.
The sombre wayside sumachs from the fields will soon adjourn,
A dainty rime now glitters on the lily's milky urn.

No longer on the sycamore doth coo the forest dove,
No longer at the garden gate doth Phœbe speak of love,
No longer doth the robin blithe among the blossoms flute,
No longer doth the sportive swell have on a linen suit.

Round fern-embroidered valleys hangs the dreamy, mellow haze,
Which rests on hill and lakelet in the "melancholy daze,"
The lilac sky has here and there a snowy aureole,
The while the gay philosopher lays in his winter coal.

The orchard, full of luscious fruit, the youthful breast elates,
The small boy soon will sell his gun to buy a pair of skates.
Full soon Fall's tender beauties on the wings of death will go,
And then look out for winter, and its dash infernal snow.

Our Story Teller.

From the Jaws of Death.

Twelve Days in a Ship's Hold Without a Morsel of Food—The City of Chester Carries a Living Skeleton Across the Atlantic.

The steamer City of Chester, in whose hold was found on Friday last the unfortunate stowaway who for twelve days was shut off from the world, without food or drink, was visited Saturday in New York by many persons eager to learn further particulars of the man's terrible experience. The night before the steamer left Liverpool the hatches were fastened and remained fastened until some hours after New York was reached. The hold at the time was about three-quarters filled with cargo. None of the sailors who had been in it had seen the stowaway, and it is supposed that he crawled in there only a few hours before it was finally sealed. On the fastened hatchways were placed some boxes, a quantity of rope and tackle and some boards. The hatches themselves were exceedingly thick and heavy, and even without the encumbrance placed upon them, would prevent the cries of any unfortunate person imprisoned beneath from being heard by those on deck. Above all was the main deck.

The discovery of the stowaway was made on Friday afternoon, when the hatches were first opened after the ship's arrival in New York. The flood of light that streamed into the floating dungeon revealed to the stevedores a sight that caused them to start in horror. There, stretched between two boxes, was a living skeleton, whose livid features, as the light of day shone upon them, told plainer than words the terrible suffering he had undergone during the long voyage. At first the stevedores thought he must be dead, but soon they heard a feeble moan and saw him slightly move. Then they heard a feeble voice ejaculate "Thank God!" Some of the stevedores then jumped quickly to his side, while others hastened to notify the ship's officers. In a few minutes the hold swarmed with persons, and the emaciated man was tenderly lifted on deck. The ship's surgeon was not on board at the time, but doctor Dore, of the steamer City of Richmond, lying near by, answered the hasty summons for aid.

When the doctor arrived he saw a young man about twenty years of age lying motionless. His eyes were closed, his lips parched and his skin shrivelled; his tongue lolled out; his cheek bones were almost devoid of flesh; his hands and neck were shrunken, and the cords of the latter were prominently visible. Large black and blue spots were upon his arms and body; his breath came with apparent difficulty. The doctor hastened to administer restoratives. Brandy and water were first given in small quantities. A little milk was next forced down the man's throat. It gave him strength, and he opened his eyes and feebly moaned. The treatment was continued, and after a while some beef tea was administered. Soon he rallied sufficiently to speak. His voice was husky and his words few. In answer to questions by the doctor he gasped his name James Donnelly, and said he had been in the hold since the ship left Liverpool, during which time he had tasted neither food nor drink. He then relapsed into silence, and soon an ambulance was at the ship's side and he was conveyed to St. Vincent's hospital.

From the investigation made by the ship's officers it appears that the unfortunate young man is a native of Scotland, and a mechanic by occupation. It is believed that he went on board the vessel on the 22nd ult., the day before she left Liverpool, and that at the time he was under the influence of liquor, and wandered into the hold where he lay down to sleep off the effects of his debauch. His horror in waking up and finding the heavy hatchway securely fastened, confining him in a living tomb, can of course only be imagined. Almost directly over his person were the quarters of the Mapleson opera troupe, and it is not improbable that the sounds of the musical festivities in which they not unfrequently indulged during the voyage, reached the ears of the unfortunate man. What efforts he made to make himself heard can be told only by himself, but certain it is that no sound from the sealed dungeon was heard during the voyage by any person on board.

THE INSTINCT OF A DOG.

On several occasions during the voyage it was noticed that the ship's dog, an intelligent animal, was acting in a strange and unaccountable manner. On the second night after the vessel left Liverpool the animal was chained to the hatchway that imprisoned the unfortunate stowaway. In the middle of the night the dog set up a furious barking, and the watch hastened to see what was the matter. The animal wagged his tail at the approach of the sailor, and jumped upon him joyously, but the man saw nothing to excite the animal, and concluded that a rat must have occasioned the alarm. He turned away, after having petted the animal, and bade him stop barking, and at length it was found necessary to remove him to the upper deck, as the noise disturbed the passengers. The next day the dog was again chained near the hatchway, and again he began howling. When removed to any other patrol of the steamer he became quiet. This conduct of the animal was noticed by several, but no person suspected the true cause.

Dr. McLaughlin, the steamer surgeon, Friday visited St. Vincent's hospital and examined the patient. He found him in a very weak condition, but with very hopeful signs of recovery. His stomach could retain only the mildest form of nourishment. His hands and head were feverish, and he frequently moaned and occasionally moved his head restlessly. No attempt was made to converse with him, and the physicians forbade him being seen for the present. They all concur in the opinion that another day of starvation would have resulted in the man's death. An investigation of the hold and character of the cargo showed that the man had absolutely nothing in the way of food or drink by which to sustain life during the terrible voyage except a small bottle of whiskey which he had in his pocket when he boarded the vessel. That fresh air entered the place through crevices the ship's officers believe, but they think the supply was meagre as the crevices are few. The imprisoned stowaway was not crowded by the cargo, as there was an unoccupied space of several square yards. The black and blue spots on his arms and body are supposed to have been caused by his being tossed about by the rolling of the ship when he became too weak to hold himself steady.

Late Saturday night a *Herald* reporter called at St. Vincent's hospital and found Donnelly in bed, very cheerful and communicative. In response to inquiries he gave his story in pretty much the following language: "I left my home in Dumbarton, a village nine and one-half miles from Glasgow, on Saturday morning, the 21st ult., with one shilling and nine pence in my pocket. With this I paid my way on the steamer to Greenock, when I took the Owl for Liverpool. I landed on the dock at four p. m. In all this time I had not eaten a mouthful. I asked a man to hide me on the vessel, as I wanted to go to America. I have two uncles and three aunts here. One of my uncles, John Brown, is captain of the police in Olneyville, R. I. The other, John Collins, lives in the same village with two of my aunts, Catherine and Rosa. My other aunt is married to Mr. Wm. Taylor, a cabinet maker somewhere on Long Island."

"As I was saying," he added, "I asked a man to hide me on the vessel, but he would not do it unless I gave him a gill of beer. I had a bottle of beer with me and passed it over to him. I don't know whether he belonged to the vessel or not. When I got in the hold of the steamer the man threw the empty beer bottle down to me and I caught it. About five minutes afterwards the hold was closed and I was left in utter darkness.

"As near as I can calculate it was five or six days before I fainted away. I could tell the days by the noise on deck and the ringing of the bells. In all this time I suffered dreadful through hunger. All I ate in that time was some salt and dirt which I scraped from the floor of the hold. It was a horrid mouthful but I swallowed it. How long I remained in that faint I don't know. The first thing I knew was when I found myself on deck with some man pouring whisky and water over me."

THE SAGACIOUS DOG AGAIN.

"I often cried for help before I fainted away, and the echoes of my voice sounded like the howls of demons. Oh, the sounds haunt me even now. I can never forget them," and the man fairly trembled at the recollection. "It sometime seemed," he added, after a pause, "as though men were answering me through a little hole in the hatchway, laughing at and mocking me, and again it seemed like the roar of the waves. Through this hole I often pushed a piece of hoop, and several times something got hold of it and pulled it away from me. I thought that it must have been a man, and wondered that he did not come to my rescue. I thought, however, that it must be a dog." It was in reality the dog whose strange actions about the mouth of the hatchway are recounted above.

Donnelly seemed on the high road to convalescence as the reporter left him at midnight, and said he was fast recovering his strength. All the food that his physicians will permit him to partake of is oatmeal and brandy, and that very sparingly.

——Thus does Joseph Pulitzer picture the political dangers that threaten Germany: "Extremes meet. People without liberty have despots. People with too much liberty have demagogues. Both agree in abusing liberty. The despot thinks there is too much of it. The demagogue thinks there is not enough. The despot rules from fear of demagogues, the demagogue from fear of despots. When demagogism becomes socialism it is a danger to society. But when imperialism becomes despotism its conflict is not only with socialism but society itself. This is the critical condition of Germany. Society means both liberty and property. Socialism means destruction of the latter. Imperialism, to save it, would trample over the dead body of the former. Between the upper mill stone of Bismark's blood-and-iron policy, and the nether millstone of socialism, liberty must be hurt. To Germany it is a choice between the Scylla and the Charybdis. It is a choice of evils. It is also a conflict between evils."

——Adolph Sultan, a liveryman in Pioche, Nev., discharged Fred. Dwyer, a druken employee. On the following morning he received a note from Dwyer saying: "I am coming to see you now." Soon afterward a boy came with the message, "Dwyer sent me up to say he'd be here pretty soon." Next a stage driver pulled up his horse to say, "I passed Fred. Dwyer down the road, and he wanted me to tell you he'd be right along." Sultan wondered why Dwyer had taken so much trouble to give such trifling information, and, while he was thinking about it, his son ran in and said, "Fred's coming to kill you—he says so." Sultan hastily armed himself. Dwyer soon came up, drew a revolver, fired and missed his mark, but received three bullets in his body and died.

The Countess of Ariosto, the last descendant of the poet, has just died at Ravenna, aged ninety.

Death of Judge Jordan.

Alexander Jordan was born of poor parents in Jaysburg, Lycoming county, Penn., on the 19th day of May, 1798. He had little or no education. His father, who had a large family, was a river boatman, owning his own boat. Milton, Penn., being at that time the depot of the Susquehanna grain market, old Mr. Jordan removed with his family there in order more effectively to carry on his business. Alexander, as a child, had made a number of trips down the river on his father's boat to Columbia and to tide-water. In 1814, at sixteen years of age, he first came to Sunbury to clerk in the Prothonotary's office, under the late Hugh Bellas, Esq., then a lawyer in active practice. Here young Jordon began to improve himself. Mr. Bellas noticing the talent, energy and tact of his boy clerk, persuaded him to study law under him. In 1819 he was admitted to the bar, and soon after he married a daughter of Wm. Hurley, Esq., one of the pioneers of Sunbury. Being of a religious cast of mind, he early joined the Presbyterian church, was elected a ruling elder, which office he filled uninterruptedly and acceptably to the day of his death. At the bar he acquired a large practice, traveling the circut as was then the custom. For eight years he was Prothonotary of the supreme court for the northern district of Pennsylvania. The constitution having been amended, making the judiciary elective in 1851, Mr. Jordan received the Democratic nomination for president judge of the district composed of the counties of Centre, Clinton, Lycoming and Northumberland, and was elected for a term of ten years. In 1861 the district having been changed by cutting off Centre and Clinton and of the addition of Montour, he was re-nominated by the same party and re-elected for a second ten year term, from which he retired to private life in December, 1871. For twenty years Judge Jordan enjoyed the reputation of being one of the best common pleas judges in the state. In politics Judge Jordan was always a consistent Democrat—in private life he was an exemplary and kind-hearted citizen, devoted to his church and christian duties. He enjoyed the confidence of his fellow citizens and was largely consulted by his friends in all their public and private enterprises. Judge Jordan's first wife having died about twenty years ago, he was married a second time to Miss Rittenhouse, of Milton, who survives him. He has no living children. For the past year his health has been delicate, but not so as to confine him entirely to his house. On Sunday, September 29th, he was taken suddenly ill with chills and fever. He lingered until three o'clock on Sunday morning, October 5th, when he expired, surrounded by his family and friends. He leaves a large estate."—*Gazette & Bulletin.*

Power of a Sweet Voice.

There is no power of love so hard to get and keep as a kind voice. A kind hand is deaf and dumb. It may be rough in flesh and blood, yet do the work of a soft heart, and do it with a soft touch. But there is no one thing that love so much needs as a sweet voice to tell what it means and feels; and it is hard to get and keep it in the right tone. One must start in youth, and be on the watch night and day, at work and play, to get and keep a voice that shall speak at all times the thoughts of a kind heart. But this is the time when a sharp voice is most apt to be got. You often hear boys and girls say words at play with a quick, sharp tone, as if it were the snap of a whip. When one of them gets vexed you will hear a voice that sounds as if it were made up of a snarl, a whine and a bark. Such a voice often speaks worse than the heart feels. It shows more ill-will in the tone than in the words.

It is often in mirth that one gets a voice or a tone that is sharp, and sticks to him through life, and stirs up ill-will and grief, and falls like a drop of gall on the sweet joys at home. Such as these get a sharp home voice for use, and keep their best voice for those they meet elsewhere, just as they would save their best cakes and pies for guests and all their sour food for their own board. I would say to all boys and girls: "Use your guest-voice at home. Watch it day by day, as a pearl of great price, for it will be worth more to you in days to come than the best pearl hid in the sea. A kind voice is a joy like a lark's song to a hearth and home. It is to the heart what light is to the eye. It is a light that sings as well as shines. Train to sweet tones now, and it will keep in tune through life."

Queen Victoria travels in a railway carriage which cost $30,000. A correspondent of the Chicago Times says that its windows are shaded with green silk curtains, trimmed with costly white lace. Its ottomans are covered with cream-colored silk, embodied with the royal arms and monogram in purple and gold, and a carpet which cost over $500 covers the floor.

Congressman-elect Murch, the Greenback-Labor representative of Maine, is a tall, good-looking and well proportioned man of forty, a blonde, with blue eyes and light-brown moustache and hair sprinkled with gray. He has been a sailor, lumberman, dairy farmer, rigger, stone mason and granite cutter, has never saved a doller and is proud of his improvidence.

Maria Grace Washburn, of New Haven, though younger than many who will read this—being in fact only nine years of age—has read the bible through eight times and not skipped any of the tough names.

The Dogs Turn not Yet Come.

There was one homeless man who excited some indignation among his neighbors who had not been visited by the storm. I met him at the ruin of the house from which Mrs. Twohey was torn, to be thrown down a corpse hundreds of feet away. This man, apparently over 50 years of age, hard-featured, blear-eyed, in dilapidated clothing, wearing a strap around his waist to secure his trowsers, and walking with both his hands thrust in his pockets, pulled his slouched hat over his watery eyes and spoke to me: "The family is all gon, ivery wan; but the dog isn't dead yit. The dog's time didn't come yit." He shrugged his shoulders, as if a thought of the truth had penetrated his understanding. "It's pretty hard, and you can't tell why the dog was left and the others were kilt. Of course, I don't look as if knowd much but I know more nor you think. The reason why the dog wasn't tuk was that the dog's turn didn't come. Got any fault to find with that? The dog's turn'll come soon enough." And then the man wandered about, with his hands in his pockets, looking at the fragments of the house, and only glancing up to repeat his remarks about "the dog" when strangers approach. The term was one, no doubt, intended in self-reproach. The man was Mitchael Twohey, and he was drunk. He was spared, but his wife was dead, and he and his children were homeless.

Perils of Nevada Travel.

A traveler while crossing the White Pine Mountains recently came near losing his life by a waterspout that descended in that vicinity. He was on horseback following a trail down the mountainside, when he heard a rumbling noise above him, and turning, discovered that a vast volume of water at least ten feet high was rapidly approaching him. There was only one chance of escape, and that was to jump from his animal and climb one of the steep banks that rose abruptly on either side of the trail, which he did just in time to save his life. The horse was taken by the flood and rolled and tumbled down the ravine some hundred yards, where the owner found him, after the water had subsided, lodged among the rocks dead. The poor animal was bruised and torn in a frightful manner, and stripped of everything but the rope that was fastened about his neck. It was a narrow escape.—*Tybo (Nev.) Sun.*

——Suit has been commenced in the United States Court at San Francisco by Long Ah Kit, Gou Lin, Chong Long Sing and Fag Wit, against the Sheriff of the county, to recover $10,000 damages alleged to have been sustained by them in the loss of their queues, which were cut off, according to the statute, while they were in the county jail. Fifteen other Celestials are about to bring similar suits against the same officer. A temporary inrujction has been granted against the Sheriff to him from further queue-cutting during the progress of the suits, and the cases are exciting much interest. There is a law which requires the hair of all convicts to be cut down to a half-inch in length, but it was made only to discriminate against the Chinamen, whose queue is his chief glory. The average hoodlum sees no disgrace in having his hair cropped, but it is profanation as viewed from the Chinaman's standpoint.

The Pope is, they say, a most indefatigable letter writer. He has taken it in hand to reform the regular clergy, beginning at Rome, and has had furnished to him a list of all the priests resident, with particulars as to their private lives and the manner in which they discharge their duties.

Butler is worth three millions; Butler is worth two millions; Old Ben Butler is worth fully a million and a half; Cross-eyed Ben, the representative of labor, is worth at least a million of dollars. You pay no money, but you take your choice.

——Small game, such as rabbits, patridges, and squirrels, haven't been so thick in years as they are this season. The reason is that last winter was usually mild. Very cold weather kills them off. Heavy snow invariably decreases the number of partridges, for they have a practice of plunging into it and remaining there for a time. If while they are in it a crust forms they are imprisoned and die ere they can release themselves.

The Duke of Devonshire, by two successive flukes, though born a simple squire, became first an Earl, and then what he now is. His Grace is the possessor of an enormous fortune, has six country seats in three kingdoms, and the historical mansion known as Devonshire House.

The death of millionaire Reese, according to the San Francisco Argonaut, came about in the meanest manner. He was trying to steal out of a Paris cemetery without paying the fee, and when caught by the irate sexton the blood rushed to his head, causing death. He lived to save $10,000,000, and died to save a silver groschen.

Mr. Tennyson has obtained an injunction against the Christian Signal, an English weekly, restraining it from interfering with his productions. Notice had been given in the paper that it would shortly print an unpublished poem of 200 lines by Mr. Tennyson, entitled "Confessions of a Scientific Mind."

The widow of Daniel Webster, now in feeble health, is at New Rochelle.

State News.

—Father McNamara, a deposed Catholic priest, was mobbed in New York on Saturday, but escaped injury by the assistance of the police.

—A woman aged about sixty-five years was seen, a few days ago, on the streets of Altoona, reeling under the effects of strong drink.

—Among the curiosities to be exhibited at the Berks county fair is a bureau consisting of 72,000 pieces of wood. It was manufactured in Lebanon county.

—During September 1,097,500 pieces, valued at $2,724,000, were coined in the mint at Philadelphia. Of this number 85,000 were double eagles and 1,012,000 were silver dollars.

—The Williamsport *Banner* says the reason so strong a fight is made for the location of the penitentiary at Huntingdon is because three of the commissioners are large owners of real estate in that county.

—John Hornbroker, of Montgomery county, one day recently met with a fatal accident. While engaged in hanging a barn door, it slipped from the upper hinge, fell on his neck and broke it, instantly killing him.

—The *Miner's Journal* says that the death warrants in the cases of Bergin and Jack Kehoe have not yet reached the sheriff. A good many are of the opinion that they won't during Governor Hartranft's term of office.

—The favorite minstrel comedian, Mr. E. P. Dixey, after an experience of more than twenty-eight years in the profession, has severed his connection with it temporarily and will enjoy for a time the privileges of private retirement.

—Dr. McCann of Pittsburg, and Dr. McNeil of the East End, the other day, made an incision in the windpipe of a little four year old son of Mr Shannon, who was suffering from the croup. The operation was entirely successful, and the little one is recovering.—*Post.*

—On application of ex-Judge Porter a, decree was entered by the common pleas court of Philadelphia, on Saturday, dissolving the corporation of Empire Transportation company. This is in accordance with the petition and application adopted by the stockholders last spring.

FELL FROM A WINDOW.—A few days ago a daughter of Lawrence Johnson, colored, of Upper Providence, Montgomery county, aged ten years, jumped from a three story window of her fathers house to the ground, from where she was picked up insensible. This was her third attempt at suicide.

—Patrick Goodman and James Daily, two convicts who were being removed to the western penitentiary by the sheriff of Elk county, a few days ago, made two desperate efforts to escape, but were foiled in both attempts. The sheriff was obliged to hammer Daily over the head with a hammer, inflicting ugly wounds.

—John Waring, in a card to the *Raftman's Journal* of this week denies the charge that he was arrested in Oregon for the murder of Mrs. Waple. The only charge against him was his supposed knowledge of the perpetrator of the crime and even that has proven to be erroneous; all of which is duly certified to by the respective officers of the Clearfield county court.

WASHINGTON, October 1.—The law officers of the government have taken steps to eject parties from the possession of about one thousand acres of land in the Pennsylvania oil regions. This land was taken in part payment of a debt due the United States by the Venango County bank of about sixty thousand dollars. It was held by a former owner in the days of the oil fever, at a fabulous sum, he having refused $700,000 for it.

PHILADELPHIA, September 30.—This afternoon while Wm. J. Wylie was asleep in his tavern, corner of 10th and Hamilton streets, James E. Young who had been in the habit of visiting the place, entered and with a hatchet struck him a terrible blow on the head. Wylie, however, grappled with his assailant and his cries brought to his assistance two men who arrested Young. Wylie will die. The object of the murderer was plunder.

MONTGOMERY, Alabama, Sept. 24.—The yellow fever is here; six deaths yesterday—Messrs, Ed. Hunt, Dr J. Picholl, I. J. Jenks, J. M'Gill, N. Irvin and Cal. Devenie—all took sick and died within twenty-four hours. All their northern friends deserted them—none left but me. The fever is not made known outside of the city, though hundreds are leaving. Please publish this in your paper, as some of these gentlemen are from Renovo. They are all Pennsylvanians, but I don't know their respective addresses. Yours in haste, and worn out,

DR. H. MAY,
Montgomery, Alabama.

—Abner Cupp was at the bottom of a well in Rocktown, near Williamsport, on Saturday morning. Before he started down he told his fellow-diggers that he felt queer; "but," said he, "I guess I might as well die to-day as any other time." The other diggers, two in number, laughed at him, and the foreboding was forgotten. In about an hour a heavy stone slid from an overloaded bucket that was being sent down, and struck the bottom with a splash and thud. Cupp was in a little while taken from the well, dead. The stone had fallen upon his bent neck, breaking it instantly.

—The will of Dr. Washington L. Atlee was yesterday admitted to probate. It thus provides: "I hereby direct that none of my book-accounts or charges remaining unsettled at the time of my death against clergymen and their families, physicians and their families, indigent widows, indigent single women and female servants shall be collected, and the same shall be considered settled and cancelled." Dr. Atlee also provides in his will that Thomas M. Drysdall, M. D., shall be his literary executor, and that he shall take charge of all his books and manuscripts, art notes and cases of professional correspondence, and utilize them as much as possible for the benefit of science, art and humanity.

—A Philadelphia *Times* reporter interviewed C. Thompson Jones, one of the Middle Penitentiary Commission, on the probable location. So far it is one of those things which no fellow can find out, but Colonel Jones says that the commission will hold their next meeting in Altoona next Monday evening, when he expects a final decision will be made for submission to the Governor. His guess as to which town will be chosen cannot be got by him within closer confines than those which take in Williamsport, Altoona, Tyrone, Huntingdon and Lewistown, which places the Colonel says, received the most favor from the Commissioners. One of the chief points remaining to be considered before selection is drainage, and for the rest of this week engineers will be engaged in examining the geological character of the upper crust in vicinity of these five towns, it being the desire of the commission to get a gravely sub earth.—*Altoona Tribune.*

State News.

—Abe Rauch fell dead in Weatherly, while drinking rum from a bottle.

—The first new buckwheat was at the commercial exchange, Philadelphia, on Saturday.

—A Reading machinist has invented a steam carriage for use on ordinary roads. He thinks it will be a success.

—Isaac G. Etter, said to be the oldest engineer on the main line of the Pennsylvania railroad, died at his residence, Altoona, on Thursday last, aged about fifty-seven years.

—Dr. Lucian Banks, Democratic candidate for Assembly from Juniata county, fell on the railroad track at Mifflintown, a few days ago, and came near being run over by a train of cars.

—Theodore Camp, Joel Pitcher, J. W. Good, John Hevenor and Albert Wickmore, were arrested at Towanda, Monday, for counterfeiting. Several sets of moulds and a lot of bogus coins were captured with them.

—Harvey Ormsby, the seventy year old hermit of Tomb's Run, near Williamsport, died on Thursday. Mr. Ormsby owned property to the value of $20,000, which he willed to the Tomb's Run hotel keeper.

—C. C. Leidy, the Houtzdale attorney at law, who opened letters belonging to other parties, was tried in Clearfield at the last term of court, convicted and sentenced to one year and six months in the Western Penitentiary.

—It is noised abroad that Chief Justice McCandless, of New Mexico, who is a citizen of Butler, Pa., will resign in a few days. It is said that Thomas Robinson, editor of the Butler *Eagle*, wants to be his successor.

—Monday morning Mr. and Mrs. Harrison Huck, of Jersey Shore, upon getting up, left their child in bed as was their usual custom. When they returned for the little one they were horrified to find it dead. The cause of the sudden death has not been learned.

—Five negroes attacked a party of Germans in Oxford street, Philadelphia, yesterday morning, and killed one of them named Herman Mutholtz, by cutting him in the thigh with a razor, severing the arteries. All the negroes were arrested.

ALLENTOWN, Oct. 7.—Daniel Guth, of Gresoville, hung himself yesterday in his barn. He made an unsuccessful attempt on his life a short time ago. The loss of a sum of money through a bank failure, made him despondent and is supposed to have prompted the deed.

LACKAWAXEN, Pa., Oct. 7.—Gertrude Ackerman, a young lady missed from her hotel, has been found, after a midnight search, lying partially paralyzed in the woods, where she states she wandered to grieve over her father's intemperance. Her father was formerly cashier in a New York bank.

—Major J. R. Crawford, of Hollidaysburg, says that in the year 1835 he was storm-stayed at Curwensville, Clearfield county. The snow fell to the depth of fifteen inches on the 5th day of October, buckwheat fields were entirely covered, apple trees broken down and the fruit frozen.

—Mr. Joseph Graffius, of Duncansville, has raised a very large pumpkin. It is four feet long, two feet two inches in diameter and seven feet six inches in circumference. It is the largest pumpkin that has ever been raised in this section. It can be seen at any time by calling at his home.

—Wm. Hall, a carpenter who was squeezed between two cars at the Outer depot, in Allegheny, on Friday, died from the effect of his injuries on Sunday morning. On Saturday one of his children died of diphtheria, and only a few weeks ago another one died from the same effect. Truly an unfortunate family.

—A strange story comes to us from near Penfield, this county, of the rape and almost murder of a woman who was cooking in a lumber camp. The story is too damnably inhuman and beastly diabolical for us to make mention. If true, the wretches should get the full and extreme punishment of the law. We understand that a reward of $100.00 is offered for the perpetrators of the dastardly deed.—*Clearfield County Times.*

—A very mysterious case of sudden and unaccountable disappearance has come to light in Pittsburg. Alexander Caldwell, a young gentleman, who came there from Wheeling, W. Va., about a year ago, and who belongs to one of the most prominent families in that city, has not been seen or heard of since the night of Sunday 29th, at seven o'clock. He was head book-keeper in a large grocery house and was generally very quie and steady in his habits.

—Three young men, residents of Franklinville, Huntingdon county, went on a coon hunting expedition on Friday night, 27th inst About one o'clock on Saturday morning they treed a coon, when one of the party named Patterson ascended the tree for the purpose of bringing the animal down. When some sixty feet from the ground he fell, breaking his back. At last accounts he was living, though the chances for his recovery are very slight. The unfortunate young man is a nephew of James H. Patterson, of Yellow Springs.

—About six o'clock on Friday evening last, Mr. Larry Furlong, who resides on Portage street, Conemaugh, Cambria county, went into the pig-pen in the rear of his premises, for the purpose of cleaning off the floor. A large porker was sole occupant of the sty, and for some reason he attacked the gentleman, who did not happen to notice him until the onslaught was made. The hog fastened his tusks in the calf of Mr. Furlong's right leg, and lacerated the flesh in such a manner as to require several stitches to bring the severed parts together again.—*Altoona Tribune.*

Some memoirs, about to be published in Paris, state that Theirs was so small a baby that he could have been put into a wooden shoe. He was baptized in a cellar, since the reign of terror had but just come to a close, and the priests were all afraid to perform the ceremony in a church.

General Hawley, having seen Hawley wants of Paris, has sailed for home.

Methodism in Iowa has a church for every 2,000 inhabitants.

Slater, the new Oregon senator, was born in Illinois.

It is strange that Mr. Bull never tires sitting.

England has Protestants with 150 variations.

A Michigan man owns over 400 hives of bees.

Agnes Jenks wants to stump for Butler.

New Advertisements.

AUDITORS' STATEMENT FOR THE BOROUGH OF BELLEFONTE:—GEORGE H. WEAVER, late Overseer of the Poor, in account with the Borough of Bellefonte, from June 23, 1877, to July 24, 1878:

DEBTOR.

To amount received on duplicate 1875, from June 23, 1877, to July 24, 1878...	$ 198 27
To amount received on duplicate 1876, from June 23, 1877, to July 24, 1878....	1022 27

CREDITOR.

By balance due Overseer June 23, 1877	$ 19 97	
By sundry bills	1450 72	
Balance		250 15
	$1,470.69	$1,470.69
July 24, 1878, balance due Overseer		$250.15

Account of DANIEL MCGINLEY, Overseer of the Poor, of the borough of Bellefonte, from April 1, 1877, to August 1, 1878:

EXPENDITURES.

Amount expended in aiding and supporting poor from April 1, 1877, to August 1, 1878	$ 3346 76

RECEIPTS.

Amount received on tax duplicate 1877	$ 3093 15
Balance due Overseer Poor	$ 253 61

Statement of account of orders drawn on the Borough and Water Funds by order of the Town Council, from April 1, 1877, to April 1, 1878:

Orders drawn on Borough Fund for sundry expenses from May 1, 1876, to April 1, 1877, paid this year	$ 978 84
To expenses from April 1, 1877, to Apr. 1, 1878	3959 24
Orders drawn on Water Fund for sundry expenses from May 1, 1876, to April 1, 1877, paid this year	872 84
To expenses from April 1, 1877, to Apr. 1, 1878	3374 22
Total	$ 9,185.14

JAMES HARRIS, Treasurer, Borough Fund, in account with the Borough of Bellefonte, from April 1, 1877 to April 1, 1878.

April 2, 1877, to Apr. 1, 1878, to balance due borough at settlement	$ 1532 26
To amount received from duplicate 1875	460 51
To amt. received from duplicate 1876,	2619 16
" " " 1877,	2145 53
" " " John Welch, high constable	15 00
To amount received from James Quinn, street commissioner	4 19
To dividend from Bellefonte Gas Co...	282 00
	$ 7,058.56

CREDITOR.

By sundry payments from Apr. 2, 1877, to April 1, 1878	$ 5512 18
Apr. 2, 1878, to balance due Bor. Fund	$ 1546 38

JAMES HARRIS, Treasurer, Water Fund, in account with the Borough of Bellefonte, from April 1, 1877, to April 1, 1878:

April 2, 1877, to April 1, to balance due borough at settlement	$2311 57
To amt. received from duplicate 1875...	304 53
" " " 1876...	1516 43
" " " 1877...	915 08
	$5047 66

CREDITOR.

By sundry payments from April 2, 1877, to April 1, 1878	3768 52
Apr. 2, 1878, to balance due Water Fund	$1279 09

JAMES HARRIS, Treasurer, Interest Fund, in account with the Borough of Bellefonte, from April 1, 1877, to April 1, 1878:

To amt. received from duplicate 1875...	$ 548 94
" " " 1876...	2249 64
" " " 1877...	2000 00
	$ 4798 58

CREDITOR.

By balance due Treasurer Interest Fund at settlement, April 2, 1877	$ 14772 04	
By sundry payments from April 2, 1877, to Apr. 1, 1878.	8361 14-23	133 18
Apr. 1, 1878, by balance due Bor. Treas.		$18334 69

JAMES HARRIS, Treasurer Borough Bellefonte, in account with the Bond Account of said borough, from April 1, 1877, to April 1, 1878:

DEBTOR.

April 1, 1877, to balance in hands of Treasurer	$ 10973 67
To proceeds of old series of bonds..	2255 00
" " new series of bonds....	14889 10

CREDITOR.

By old series of bonds paid..	$ 11915 45	
By balance	16202 32	
	$28117 77	28117 77
April 1, 1878, to bal. in hands Treas...		$16202 32

BOND INDEBTEDNESS.

April 1, 1877, to bonds outstanding...	$112895 47
To bonds of new series issued	14900 00
" " old series issued	2255 00

CREDITOR.

By bonds of old series paid..	$ 11915 45	
By balance	118135 02	
	130050 47	130050 47
April 1, 1878, to bonded indebtedness..		$118135 02

BALANCE SHEET.
Bellefonte Borough, taken April 1, 1878.

To bonded indebtedness....	$118135 02	
" orders outstanding.....	6765 89	
By balance on duplicates...		$24760 40
" 188 shares Bellefonte Gas Co. stock par $25		4700 00
By balance in hands of Treasurer		693 19
By balance		94747 32
	$124900 91	—124900 91
April 1, 1878, to balance....	$ 94747 32	

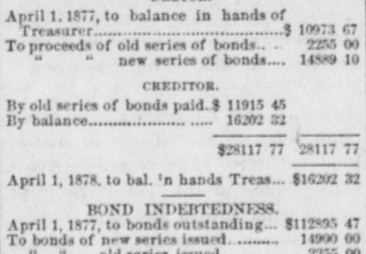
We certify to the correctness of the above accounts.

A. J. COOK,
J. L. KURTZ,
ISAAC MITCHELL, } AUDITORS.

37-3t

Grace's Celebrated Salve.

A SURE RELIEF FOR THE SUFFERER.



PREPARED BY

SETH W. FOWLE & SONS,

86 HARRISON AVENUE,
BOSTON, MASS.

GRACE'S CELEBRATED SALVE

Is a Vegetable Preparation

invented in the 17th century by Dr. William Grace, Surgeon in King James' army. Through its agency he cured thousands of the most serious sores and wounds that baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians of his day, and was regarded by all who knew him as a public benefactor.

Price 25 Cents a Box.

GRACE'S CELEBRATED SALVE

CURES

fleet wounds,	frozen limbs,	salt rheum,
chilblains,	sore breast,	sore lips,
erysipelas,	ringworms,	scald head,
chapped hands,	burns,	cancers,
felons.	scalds,	sores,
ulcers,	wounds,	stings,
shingles,	festers,	wens,
sties,	piles,	abcess,
freckles,	bunions,	sprains,
boils,	bites,	cuts,
whitlows,	warts,	blisters,
tan,	pimples,	corns,
scurvy,	itch, ingrowing nails, nettle rash, mosquito and flea bites, spider stings,	

And all cutaneous diseases and eruptions generally.

For sale by all druggists, grocers, and at all country stores throughout the United States and British Provinces. Price by mail 30 cents.

10-38-1y

Guns & Revolvers.

GUNS! GUNS!

The public are respectfully informed that I have just received a very choice stock of

SINGLE AND DOUBLE

BREECH LOADING

SHOT GUNS

AND

REVOLVERS,

which I cordially invite sportingmen to inspect before purchasing elsewhere.

Breech-loading double guns	$24 to $50
Breech-loading single guns	12 to 15
Breech-loading double guns, rifle and shot, convertible into double shot guns, just the guns for this locality	$60 to $65
Muzzle-loading double shot guns, fine twist, patent breech, with powder flask and shot pouch—a bargain	$14 00
Single muzzle-loading rifles	$11 to $20
Double guns, rifle and shot	$24 to $30
Single shot guns	$3 to $9
Dittmarr's new powder per can	$1
Shot per pound	10 cts
Dupont's powder per pound	40cts to $1

Cartridges and all kinds of sporting goods at lowest market prices at

THEO. DESCHNER'S

GUN SHOP,

HIGH STREET, BELLEFONTE, PA.

34-tf

Drugs and Medicines.

Drugs, Drugs, Drugs.

S. T. SHUGERT having purchased the Drug Store, on Allegheny-st., Bellefonte, nex door to the Hardware Store of Hicks & Bro. has stocked it with all the most popular

Drugs & Medicines,

Chemicals,

Perfumery,

Soaps, Combs,

Brushes,

Trusses,

Supporters,

Braces,

Fancy and Toilet Articles, Etc.

Patent Medicines, Alcohol, pure Wines and Liquors for medical purposes only.

PHYSICIAN'S PRESCRIPTIONS

CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED and orders answered with care and dispatch. Farmers and Physicians from the country will find our stock of Medicines complete, warranted genuine and of the best quality.

The store will remain under the direction of the accomplished druggist and pharmacist, heretofore connected with it, Mr. H. M. Herrington, and we respectfully solicit the custom of our friends and the old patrons of the store.

9-16-1y S. T. SHUGERT.

ESTABLISHED. 1853. ESTABLISHED 1853.

F. P. GREEN,

DRUGGIST,

Bush House Building, Bellefonte. Keeps constantly on hand, or orders on short notice, a full assortment of everything usually kept in a first class drug store. Particular attention given to preparing physician's prescriptions, and family recipes. 6 1 1y

Flour and Feed.

DUNCAN, HALE & CO.,,

(Successors to John M. Wagner & Co.,)

MANUFACTURERS OF

FLOUR, FEED, &c.,

AND DEALERS IN

ALL KINDS OF GRAIN.

The highest market price paid for

WHEAT, RYE,

CORN,

OATS, &c.

6 39-1

Advertising Agencq.

TO ADVERTISERS.

George P. Rowell & Co.'s

SELECT LIST

—OF—

LOCAL NEWSPAPERS.

Many persons suppose this list to be composed of Cheap, low-priced newspapers. The fact is quite otherwise. The Catalogue states exactly what the papers are. When the name of a paper is printed in FULL FACE TYPE it is in every instance the BEST paper in the place. When printed in CAPITALS it is the ONLY paper in the place. When printed in roman letters it is neither the best nor the only paper, but is usually a very good one, notwithstanding. The list gives the population of every town, and the circulation of every paper. It is not a CO-OPERATIVE LIST. It is not a CHEAP LIST. At the foot of the catalogue for each State the important towns which are not covered by the list are enumerated. It is an HONEST LIST. The rates charged for advertising are barely one-fifth the publisher's schedule. The price for one inch four weeks in the entire list is $635. The regular rates of the papers for the same space and time are $3,136 35. The list includes 970 newspapers, of which 163 are issued daily and 807 weekly. They are located in 825 different cities and towns, of which 22 are State Capitals, 328 places of over 5,000 population, and 444 County Seats. Lists sent on application. Address GEO. P. ROWELL & CO.'S Newspaper Advertising Bureau, 10 Spruce St., (Printing House Square,) New York. 10 33 1y

Do you want to make some money?

If so, here is a chance. Competent Agents Male or Female wanted to sell the **Rotary Seive.** The most Convenient Article for domestic use, for the purpose designed, ever invented. Its scoops, sifts, weighs, measures and mixes. Also for straining Fruit, Washing Rice etc.

Over 1000 Agents are now engaged in selling them in the west. Territory is eagerly taken wherever offered, so apply early. For particulars address, C. M. WHITE,

Gen. Agt. West Penn'a. Pittsburg, Pa.

10-27.

Strawbridge & Clothier, Dry Goods.

Strawbridge & Clothier

Invite the people of Centre County, to an examination of their

NEW FALL STOCK,

which is now complete in every department.

We are showing a stock of

DRESS TEXTURES,

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC,

which cannot be surpassed in this country.

We name below a few items only out of this immense stock:

FRENCH CASHMERES AND MERINOS,

In all the new shades and in qualities guaranteed.

ALL WOOL CASHMERES, 50c. | ALL WOOL MERINOS, 50c.

VOGEL'S CASHMERES AND MERINOS.

Excellent qualities, 40 in. wide, at 62½, 75, 80, 87½c., and $1.00.

IN BLACK GOODS

we have immense lines of

BLACK CASHMERES AND MERINOS,

numbering thousands of pieces, which will be distributed at very small advances on importation cost:

BLACK CASHMERES FROM 40c. UP.	COURTAULD'S CRAPES, AND CRAPE VEILS,
BLACK DOUBLE TWILLED MERINOS AT 45 AND 50c. PER YARD.	BLACK MANTLASSES, AND AMURES,
SILK WARP HENRIETTA CLOTHS GOOD QUALITY, AT 90c.	In new and Choice Styles.

MEDIUM AND LOW-PRICED DRESS TEXTURES.

One Case All-Wool Tartans, Never sold before for less than 62½.	50c.
One Case Novelties, Part silk and very stylish.	37½c.
One Case Camel's Hair Novelties, Extra value and popular.	37½c.
One Case 36-in. Cashmeres, In selected colorings.	37½c.
One Lot Clan Plaids, These goods are 27 inches wide.	37½c.
One Case Bradford Mohairs, In all the new shades.	37½c.
One Lot Silk-Mixed Novelties, New this season, and really worth	31c. 37½c
One Case Foule Beige, 24 inches in width.	31c.
One Case Fancy Satinees, Less than cost of importation.	25c.
One Lot Clan Plaids, In all the new combinations.	25c.
One Case Soft Twills, In all the latest colorings.	25c.
One Case Camel's Hair Beige, Extra quality.	25c.
One Case Armures, Cloth weight.	22c.
One Case English Matelasse, This season's new designs.	22c.
One Lot English Novelties, In handsome effects.	20c.
One Case Cashmeres, Extra weight.	20c.
One Case Poplins, Very low for such quality.	15c.
One Case Fine Twills, New in colorings.	15c.
One Case Lustres, These are half wool.	12½c.
One Case Armures, Extra width.	12½c.

Good Bleached Muslin for	6¼ cents.
Heavy Canton Flannel for	6¼ cents.
Heavy White Wool Flannel for	18 cents.
Extra Quality Wool Flannel for	20 cents.
Scarlet Twilled Flannel for	25 cents.

OUR MAIL ORDER DEPARTMENT, believed to be the most thoroughly organized in the country, gives the opportunity to the most distant consumer to avail of our low prices, which are in every instance as low as similar goods can be sold in America. If you cannot visit us in person send for samples of whatever you may need.

STRAWBRIDGE & CLOTHIER,

N. W. Cor. Eighth & Market Sts.,

PHILADELPHIA.

10-38-m

Insurance.

INSURANCE.

INSURANCE effected on all kinds of Properties, in Companies of undoubted strength and security, at standard rates.

INSURE AGAINST LOSS AND DAMAGE BY

FIRE AND LIGHTNING.

9 9-1y. GEORGE L. POTTER,

(Furst's Building.) High-street, Bellefonte.

J. H. MORRISON,

GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Representing a number of the Best and Safest companies. Horses insured against Theft, death, or accident.

Office in the Conard House with DAVID W. FORTNEY, Esq. v9n14

Plumbing and Gas Fitting.

WM. S. GALBRAITH,

PLUMBER,

GAS AND STEAM FITTER.

We pay particular attention to heating buildings by steam. Copper smithing and re-bronzing old gas fixtures done neatly and expeditiously. All our work warranted to give perfect satisfaction. W. S. GALBRAITH,

7-1f. Bellefonte, Pa.

Buggies and Carriages.

GO TO

J. R. BARTROFF

FOR FINE

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES,

WAGONS, SLEIGHS, &c.,

REPAIRING promptly and neatly done, at reasonable rates.

9 22-1f *E. Pishop-st., Bellefonte, Pa.*

Miscellaneous.

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST

ADVERTISING

To Reach Readers Outside of the Large Cities.

OVER 1000 NEWSPAPERS DIVIDED INTO SIX DIFFERENT LISTS.

Advertisements received for one or more lists. For catalogues containing names of papers, and other information and for estimates, address

BEALS & FOSTER,

10 33 1y 10 Spruce St., New York.

Railroads.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD—(Philadelphia and Erie Division.)—On and after June 2, 1878:

SUMMER.

ERIE MAIL	leaves Philadelphia	11 55 p m
"	" Harrisburg	4 25 a m
"	" Williamsport	8 35 a m
"	" Lock Haven	9 40 a m
"	" Renovo	10 55 a m
"	arr at Erie	7 35 p m
NIAGARA EXP.	leaves Philadelphia	7 20 a m
"	" Harrisburg	10 50 a m
"	" Williamsport	2 20 p m
"	" Lock Haven	3 25 p m
"	arr at Renoo	4 40 p m
Passengers by this train arrive in Bellefonte at		4 35 p m
FAST LINE	leaves Philadelphia	11 45 a m
"	" Harrisburg	3 35 p m
"	" Williamsport	7 30 p m
"	arr at Lock Haven	8 40 p m

EASTWARD.

PACIFIC EXP.	leaves Lock Haven	6 40 a m
"	" Williamsport	7 14 a m
"	arr at Harrisburg	11 55 a m
"	" Philadelphia	3 45 p m
DAY EXP.	leaves Renovo	10 05 a m
"	" Lock Haven	11 20 a m
"	" Williamsport	12 40 p m
"	arr at Harrisburg	4 10 p m
"	" Philadelphia	7 20 p m
ERIE MAIL	leaves Renovo	8 35 p m
"	" Lock Haven	9 45 p m
"	" Williamsport	11 05 p m
"	arr at Harrisburg	2 45 a m
"	" Philadelphia	7 00 a m
FAST LINE	leaves Williamsport	12 35 a m
"	arr at Harrisburg	3 58 a m
"	" Philadelphia	7 35 a m
ACCO'M.	Leaves Renovo	7 55 a m
"	arr. at Lock Haven	10 40 a m

Erie Mail West, Niagara Express West, Lock Haven Accommodation West, and Day Express East, make close connections at Northumberland with L. & B. R. R. trains for Wilkesbarre and Scranton.

Erie Mail West, Niagara Express West, and Erie Express West, and Lock Haven Accommodation West, make close connection at Williamsport with N. C. R. W. trains north.

Erie Mail West, Niagara Express West, and Day Express East, make close connection at Lock Haven with B. E. V. R. R. trains.

Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with trains on L. S. & M. S. R. R. at Corry with O. C. & A. V. R. R., at Emporium with B. N. Y. & P. R. R., and at Driftwood with A. V. R. R.

Parlor cars will run between Philadelphia and Williamsport on Niagara Exp. West, Erie Exp. West, Philadelphia Express East and Day Express East, and Sunday Express East. Sleeping cars on all night trains.

WM. A. BALDWIN, *Gen'l Sup't.*

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD.—Time Table December 31, 1877.

WESTWARD.	Exp. A. M.	Mail P. M.
Leave Lock Haven	5 25	3 25
Flemington	5 29	3 30
Mill Hall	5 33	3 33
Beech Creek	5 46	3 47
Eagleville	5 50	3 51
Howard	6 00	4 02
Mount Eagle	6 08	4 10
Curtin	6 13	4 16
Milesburg	6 23	4 25
Bellefonte	6 33	4 35
Milesburg	6 43	4 45
Snow Shoe Int.	6 48	4 48
Unionville	6 58	4 58
Julian	7 09	5 10
Martha	7 18	5 21
Port Matilda	7 26	5 31
Hannah	7 34	5 40
Bald Eagle	7 48	5 53
Vail	7 53	5 58
East Tyrone	7 58	6 03
Arrive at Tyrone	8 05	6 10

EASTWARD.	P.M.	A.M.
Leave Tyrone	7 08	8 30
East Tyrone	7 15	8 37
Vail	7 19	8 42
Bald Eagle	7 23	8 47
Hannah	7 36	9 02
Port Matilda	7 44	9 11
Martha	7 52	9 20
Julian	8 01	9 30
Unionville	8 11	9 42
Snow Shoe Int.	8 21	9 51
Milesburg	8 24	9 55
Bellefonte	8 32	9 03
Milesburg	8 45	10 15
Curtin	8 55	10 25
Mount Eagle	9 00	10 30
Howard	9 08	10 40
Eagleville	9 18	10 52
Beech Creek	9 22	10 57
Mill Hall	9 34	11 10
Flemington	9 37	11 14
Arrive at Lock Haven	9 42	11 18

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE R. R.—Time Table in effect on and after Dec. 31, 1877.

Leaves Snow Shoe 7.30 a. m., arrives in Bellefonte 9.20 a. m.

Leaves Bellefonte 10.20 a. m., arrives at Snow Shoe 11.57 a. m.

Leaves Snow Shoe 2.42 p. m., arrives in Bellefonte 4.12 p. m.

Leaves Bellefonte 4.55 p. m., arrives Snow Shoe 6.27 p. m.

DANIEL RHOADS, *General Sup't.*

Miscellaneous.

Auctioneer's Card.

PHILIP TEATS, who has had large experience as an Auctioneer, offers his services to the people of Centre county.

He speaks German and English,

and possesses the invaluable gift in an auctioneer of a loud, clear voice, and can be distinctly heard a long distance. Those having work of this kind to do will do well to give him a call. Charges moderate. Call on or address him at Bellefonte, Pa. 12-1year

U can make money faster at work for us than at anything else. Capital not required; we will start you. $12 a day at home made by the industrious. Men, women, boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. Costly outfit and terms free. Address TRUE & CO., Augusta, Me. 10 21 1y

KNOW THYSELF By reading and practicing the inestimable truths contained in the best medical book ever issued, entitled SELF-PRESERVATION Price only $1. Sent by mail on receipt of price. It treats of Exhausted Vitality, Premature Decline, Nervous and Physical Debility, and the endless concomitant ills and untold miseries that result therefrom, and contains more than 50 original prescriptions, any one of which is worth the price of the book. This book was written by the most extensive and probably the most skilful practitioner in America, to whom was awarded a gold and jewelled medal by the National Medical Association. A Pamphlet, illustrated with the very finest Steel Engravings—a marvel of art and beauty—sent FREE to all. Send for it at once. Address PEABODY MEDICAL INSTITUTE, No. 4 Bulfinch St., Boston, Mass. **HEAL THYSELF**

9 42

Health and Happiness.

Health and Happiness are priceless Wealth to their possessors, and yet they are within the reach of every one who will use

WRIGHT'S LIVER PILLS.

The only sure CURE for Torpid Liver, Dyspepsia, Headache, Sour Stomach, Constipation, Debility, Nausea, and all Billious complaints and Blood disorders. None genuine unless signed "Wm. Wright, Phila." If your Druggist will not supply, send 25 cents for one box to Barrick, Roller & Co., 70 N. 4th St. Phila. 10 2-1y

NEW RICH BLOOD!

Parsons' Purgative Pills make New Rich Blood, and will completely change the blood in the entire system in three months. Any person who will take one pill each night from one to twelve weeks may be restored to sound health if such a thing be possible. Sent by mail for 8 letter stamps. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Bangor, Maine. 41 4t

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

The BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN is published every Wednesday at Bellefonte, Centre county Pennsylvania, by

EDWARD T. TUTEN.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

One year, in advance.....$2 00
If not paid for within 6 months..... 2 50
If not paid for until expiration of year..... 3 00

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Special notices inserted in our local columns at 20 cents per line for each insertion.

Editorial notices in our columns, 25 cents per line for each insertion.

Marriage or death announcements published free of charge. Obituary notices, ten lines in length, free; exceeding ten lines, five cents per line.

Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding five lines, this type, $8.00 per annum.

All advertisements for a less term than three months, twenty cents per line for the first three insertions, and five cents per line for each additional insertion.

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3 mos.	6 mos.	1 year.
1 inch (12 lin' this tp'e)	$ 5 00	$ 8 00	$ 12 00
Two inches.....	7 00	10 00	15 00
Three inches.....	10 00	15 00	20 00
Four inches.....	11 00	17 00	25 00
Quarter column.....	12 00	20 00	30 00
Half column.....	20 00	35 00	55 00
One column.....	35 00	55 00	125 00

All advertisements, whether displayed or blank lines, measured by lines of this type.

All advertisements due after the first insertion.

JOB DEPARTMENT.

We have now the very best facilities for doing first-class Job Work, and solicit the patronage of all friends of the paper, together with all others who desire to obtain good work at fair prices.

We have the best workmen, the best presses, and the best type to be found anywhere.

Address all communications, relating to business, to

EDWARD T. TUTEN, Proprietor,
Bellefonte, Pa.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

For Governor,
GEN. HENRY M. HOYT.
of Luzerne County.

For Lieut. Governor,
HON. CHARLES W. STONE,
of Warren County.

For Secretary of Internal Affairs,
HON. AARON K. DUNKLE,
of Philadelphia.

JUDICIARY.

For Supreme Judge,
HON. JAMES P. STERRETT,
of Allegheny County.

For President Judge,
HON. CHARLES A. MAYER,
of Lock Haven.

COUNTY.

For Congress,

For State Senator,

For Legislature,
HARRY SIMLER,
of Philipsburg.

For Sheriff,
AUSTIN CURTIN,
of Boggs.

For Treasurer,
GEORGE A. BAYARD.
of Bellefonte.

For Prothonotary,
H. A. SNYDER,
of Eagleville.

For Commissioners,
ANDREW GREGG,
of Potter,
GEORGE TAYLOR,
of Boggs.

For Recorder,
C. P. STONEROAD,
of Snow Shoe.

For Register,
CLINE ZIMMERMAN,
of Walker.

For Auditors,
JAMES P. STEWART,
of Boalsburg,
JOHN P. SEIBERT,
of Benner.

For Coroner,
DR. R. L. DARTT,
of Bellefonte.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

JUDICIARY.
Independent Candidate.
For Additional Law Judge Twenty-fifth Judicial District,
CHARLES S. McCORMICK,
OF CLINTON COUNTY.

Greenback-Labor Ticket.
For State Senator,
S. WOODS CALDWELL,
OF CLINTON.

ANDY DILL will make a poor pill for Pennsylvania's honest votes.

IF there are any bolting Democrats in Centre, let them unite with us and defeat a rotten, unscrupulous ring.

THE cipher expose of the New York *Tribune* adds much light upon Tilden's mode of conducting a campaign. The old money bar'l and its owner are directly implicated.

DILL isn't big enough to straddle the entire Methodist community of this State; but there are enough Methodists to straddle him. Who cares whether he is a Methodist? We have seen preachers' sons who were fit for nothing but the penitentiary.

Working on Methodism.

The following circular has been issued in Blair county, and we presume the same will be put out in every county in the State. It comes from Democratic headquarters, and is intended for dirty work. Let the Methodist people of Centre county be on the alert, and not allow themselves to be bamboozled into anything dishonorable. Because A. H. Dill happened to be born in a Methodist parsonage, he thinks you should vote for him. Do not allow your religious affairs to become mixed with politics. Keep the church high above the demoralizing influences bound to emanate from such a course. Here is the circular:

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY COMMITTEE,
TYRONE Pa., Oct. 1, 1878.

Dear Sir:—Please send me the following lists at your earliest possible convenience before the 8th day of October:

1. Name and address of every minister in your district.
2. Names and addresses of five active representative christian men in your district, stating to what church they belong.
3. The names and addresses of all anti-Cameron representatives in your district.

The State Committee is urgent for these lists, and I trust you will send them in promptly.

Respectfully,
GEO. STROOP, Chairman.

THE *New York Tablet*, which, as published under the express approbation of Cardinal McCloskey, says the Philadelphia *Press*, may be regarded as an authority, almost official, on Roman Catholic statistics, affirms that the Catholic population of the world to-day is not less than 250,000,000; that, in the United States, the duennial increase is not less than 2,500,000; that the Catholic population in this country "is roughly estimated at 5,000,000," but it is believed "an actual count would fall little, if any, short of 7,380,000;" that in the twenty years from 1857 to 1877, Catholic places of worship have increased from 2,828 to 7,411, nearly treble; and that in the same period the number of Catholic schools in America has increased from 1,878 to 5,548. These figures present a total very considerably larger than has hitherto been claimed for Catholicity in the United States. Our next census may correct it, if wrong.

THE following gentlemen have been elected Directors of the Western Union Telegraph Company for the ensuing year: Messrs. Norvin Green, Wm. H. Vanderbilt, Edwin D. Morgan, Augustus Schell, Harrison Durkee, James H. Banker, A. B. Cornell, Hamilton McK. Twombley, John Van Horne, Cornelius Vanderbilt, Moses Taylor, Wilson G. Hunt, E. S. Sanford, Cambridge Livingstone, C. W. Chapin, L. Kennedy, J. P. Morgan, Geo. M. Pullman, John R. Duff, D. O. Mills, O. H. Palmer, Samuel A. Munson, David Jones, Anson Stager, E. D. Worcester, H. M. Philips and W. Bishop.

BETWEEN the years 1744 and 1759 the currency of Rhode Island had so depreciated that, while in the former year it required $4.50 to obtain one in coin, in the latter it required $23. The Democratic-Greenback party would make our National currency as valueless.—*Cincinnati Commercial.*

JIM HERDIC, of Williamsport, was nominated at the National convention for State Senator. Since the conference at Danville, the rival candidates have threatened to call a bolting convention. We fail to see what comfort a laboring man can have in voting for Herdic.

EDITOR WHALEY, of the Lock Haven *Democrat*, crows over the October elections like a fellow at his mother-in-law's funeral. In telling his readers about the gain of Congressmen in Ohio, he forgot to state that the State was gerrymandered last year in their favor.

AS THE battle becomes more desperate in Pennsylvania, the *Times*, an independent (?) organ, blows louder for Democracy, and harder against Camerons, and Camerons turn round and ask whether McClure still lives.

The Bellefonte REPUBLICAN is working like a beaver for Hoyt and the whole ticket. Let it keep on *Tuten* for the good cause.—*Columbia Courant.*

It is our intention to always remain steadfast in an honorable calling. We believe in fighting like blazes when we do fight.

Walter McDonnal shot and killed John Gardiner, in a fight, at Philadelphia, Saturday night.

Jacob Knabb, senior editor of the Reading *Times and Dispatch*, has arrived home from Europe.

Mrs. Sarah Comsen and her daughter, a young lady, both died at Scranton, within two days after each other of Whooping-cough.

Additional Local Matters.

The Singer Sewing Machine.

In looking into the business of the Singer Sewing Machine Manufacturing Company, we find that they bring strong arguments in favor of their new family Singer Machine. First, they operate all offices themselves, and by this plan those who buy the Singer buy direct from headquarters. Further, they have systematised their offices in such a way that all genuine Singer machines, whether sold any time in the past as well as in the future, will have the attention of their canvassers, who will repair and keep them in order without extra charge, except where new parts must be furnished. This machine, however, requires few, if any repairs, as appears from the testimony of some who have used this machine for years. In order that our readers may know for themselves who these people are, we append their testimony:

BELLEFONTE Oct. 14th.

TO THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO. *Gentlemen:*—I have used one of your sewing machines for seven years, almost constantly doing sewing for a family of nine, and in all this time have not broken a needle, and my machine is as good as new. J. H. FELLENBAUM,
Penn St., Bellefonte, Pa.

THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO.—*Gentlemen:* In behalf of the best sewing machine in the world—the Singer—let me add my testimony. For ten years I have used one of your machines without one cent of expense, and to day it is as good as new. DAVID KLEPPER,
Bellefonte Pa.

TO THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO.—*Gentlemen:* I have used one of your Manufacturing Machines for the last thirty-one years with perfect satisfaction, constantly using it in doing the heaviest kind of work, and I believe the machine is good for ten years or more. I have used but two shuttles since I have had this machine and one of them is as good as new. I take pleasure in recommending the Singer Manufacturing Machine to all who desire purchasing a machine that will do efficient work and give perfect satisfaction.

EDWARD GRAHAM,
Bellefonte, Pa.

Death of a Former Resident.

Peter Kerlin, a former citizen of Bellefonte, died on the 22d ult. near Lincoln, Nebraska, of intermittent fever. The Nebraska *State Journal* relates the following, and as the family mentioned were at one time residents of this county it is a matter of local interest:

One of the rarest examples of filial affection that ever came to our notice is to be recorded of the Kerlin brothers who are now at the bedside of their aged father. On Saturday last a brother, who lives in Nebraska, was informed by one of our prominent physicians that he considered his father, P. Kerlin, dangerously ill. The brother at once sent a message to a brother in Mifflin county, Pa., who sent a man at once with the message to another brother, sixteen miles across a mountain. The message found the brother, a Lutheran minister, at 4 o'clock on Sunday morning. To rise, dress, harness a horse, leave his family, and to drive fifteen miles to reach the 7 o'clock western express, required prompt action, but it was accomplished and the 1200 mile journey began. The brothers met in Pittsburgh, arrived here on Tuesday, and have since devoted their entire attention to the parent. They ordered a consultation of two of our leading physicians, but we learned yesterday that the case is considered very unfavorable, and nothing but the excellent constitution of the father will bring him through.

Such promptness and filial love on the part of brothers rallying to the side of one another 1200 miles away, to give those attentions that children can alone perform, is a spectacle that would grace any age and exalt the name of any family.

A Daring Youngster.

Last Saturday evening a fourteen-year-old son of Mary Boyer, in company with a neighbor's boy, left the place of John Craig, in Huston township, to drive the cows home. After starting them, the boys continued on the road, hunting for squirrels, the former having with him an old shot gun. While passing along, the first-named lad espied something upon a tree, and he covered the animal with his gun and attempted to fire, but the weapon refused to go off. He then calmly seated himself beneath the tree, cleaned out the tube, filled it with powder, and fired. The load struck the beast in the forehead, but it did not fall to the ground, being perched in such a way that it could not be dislodged. The curiosity of the boy induced him to climb the tree to ascertain what he had shot, whereupon he discovered it to a large catamount.

Fall Advertising.

Almost all our merchants are laying in a fall and winter stock of goods. As a matter of course, they expect to sell them, but how in the world are people to find out that new goods are on the shelves of our merchants unless advertised? As a rule, the men who advertise are the most successful. Take the REPUBLICAN and glance over its columns, and you will be convinced that men who let the people know what they have are the men who do an extensive business. It is not necessary to dwell upon the merits of advertising, as they are too well known. We have only to say that those who have enumerated their wares through the REPUBLICAN have been largely rewarded. Advertise your goods.

—One of the circus bill boards succumbed to the windy weather last Wednesday.

Jurors Drawn.

The following persons have been drawn from the wheel to serve as Jurors for November term, commencing on the 4th Monday.

GRAND JURORS.

Henry Ginghrich, farmer, Harris.
Isaac Frain, farmer, Marlon.
W F Thompson, farmer, Patton.
H G Royer, farmer, Miles.
Jacob Garbrick, farmer, Walker.
J H Keller, farmer, Potter.
John Musser, laborer, Union.
William McClellan, tailor, Bellefonte.
J C Wasson, farmer, Rush.
Oscar Holt, laborer, Burnside.
Michael Derstine, moulder, Potter.
Robert Thompson, farmer, Walker.
William Taylor, book-keeper, Howard.
W V Beckwith, farmer, Worth.
Toner Leathers, Merchant, Unionville.
Andrew Heaton, farmer, Boggs.
Alfred Hosterman, farmer, Potter.
James Duck, farmer, Gregg.
Harrison Ross, mason, Rush.
George Franel, carpenter, Snow Shoe.
C F Herlacher, farmer, Potter.
R C Leathers, merchant, Howard.
Richard Newman, farmer, Taylor.
J H Stover, farmer, Union.

TRAVERS JURORS—FIRST WEEK.
Commencing Monday, December 2.

John Thomas, farmer, Benner.
Henry Mowery, laborer, Haines.
Daniel Emerick, farmer, Walker.
John L Rockey, farmer, Spring.
J T Dunkle, farmer, Walker.
Michael Hettinger, farmer, Gregg.
Charles S Beck, farmer, Walker.
Daniel Yothers, farmer, Huston.
Wm Emrick, farmer, Potter.
Geo W Royer, farmer, Miles.
John Shook, merchant, Gregg.
Joseph Eckley, farmer, Benner.
David Bower, farmer, Haines.
John Q Miles, farmer, Huston.
Noah Leitzell, laborer, Haines.
John Todd, laborer, Rush.
E R Williams, farmer, Huston.
Daniel Everhart, carpenter, Bellefonte.
C W Hosterman, farmer, Haines.
Wm Cole, wagon-maker, Half Moon.
Samuel Horman, farmer, Patton.
H D Van Pelt, manufacturer, Potter.
Peter Schrock, blacksmith, College.
John G Hall, farmer, Union.
Frank Weaver, farmer, Haines.
W P Fisher, farmer, Union.
James G Evans, sawyer, Gregg.
W W Spangler, farmer, Potter.
H Smull, Jr., mason, Miles.
H O Hoffer, tobacconist, Bellefonte.
Ed Shannon, miller, Boggs.
Wm Goodhart, farmer, College.
C Curtin, gentleman, Boggs.
J H Odenkirk, inn-keeper, Potter.
H Boal, gentleman, Potter.
Isaac Mitchell, merchant, Bellefonte.

SECOND WEEK.
Commencing Monday, December 9.

C H Struble, farmer, Ferguson.
W Jenkins, machinist, Bellefonte.
Samuel Yearick, farmer, Benner.
E B Hesson, coach-maker, College.
W S Maize, laborer, Penn.
Charles Heiser, marble-cutter, Bellefonte.
Benj Liggett, gentleman, Liberty.
J H Jacobs, teacher, Harris.
H C Weaver, farmer, Spring.
Tobias Bailey, farmer, Gregg.
Austin Dale, farmer, College.
H L Harvey, farmer, Boggs.
John Mayes, farmer, Boggs.
Joseph Bechtle, farmer, Liberty.
Fred Moyer, wagon-maker, Boggs.
Mert Cunningham, moulder, Bellefonte.
J A Dale, moulder, Potter.
G W Downing, clerk, Bellefonte.
D L Kerr, farmer, Potter.
John Messinger, farmer, Potter.
A B Stevens, sawyer, Worth.
David Shearer, farmer, Spring.
G W Hornan, farmer, Ferguson.
James U Van Ormer, gentleman, Penn.
James Alexander, laborer, Union.
R C Cheesman, Notary Public, Bellefonte.
D W Woodring, clerk, Bellefonte.
George Corman, farmer, Gregg.
C Broadhead, laborer, Philipsburg.
Alex Shellenberger, mason, Worth.
Thomas Merryman, farmer, Taylor.
Charles McClure, clerk, Bellefonte.
Able Campbell, constable, Snow Shoe.
J C Williams, gentleman, Bellefonte.
B F Miller, painter, Penn.
Wm Bates, laborer, Rush.
Harris Way, farmer, Union.
Philip Gephart, farmer, Walker.
W J Russel, farmer, Haines.
M Hess, farmer, Harris.
J C Bathgate, farmer, College.
J C Smith, merchant, Penn.
E R Jones, plasterer, Worth.
David Sparr, gentleman, Harris.
Israel Vonada, Sr., laborer, Haines.
W A Kerr, farmer, Potter.
Wm Mahafee, clerk, Howard borough.
Christian Dale, Jr., farmer, Benner.

—Since the Fair and circus have been numbered among the things of the past, many of our people fail to see how they are to keep warm during the approaching cold weather, as there appears to be nothing on the tapis to create excitement. Guggenheimer, in Bush's Arcade, has solved it in this way: he has on hand an immense stock of cheap, substantial ready-made clothing and underwear, which he is willing to sell at hard-pan prices; or, if you desire to buy the raw goods, he can accommodate you. Take our advice and patronize Guggenheimer.

—The Millheim *Journal* says: We learn from a private source that the house of Mr. Reeder, in Georges' Valley, was robbed last Sunday of from $500 to $600 in silver and gold. The thief gained entrance while the family was absent, and demolished the chest that contained the coveted treasure. Suspicion rests on a certain man who had been Mr. Reeder's hireling.

—There are eighteen grain elevators in Chicago, with an aggregate capacity of over 15,000,000 bushels, and of 250 scales in use in these elevators, over 240 are Fairbanks'.

—Cape of overcoat lost between between Bellefonte and James Lingle's, in Pennsvalley. The person returning the same to James H. Rankin will be rewarded.

—Walnut motto frames, with glass, for 25 cents. A large lot of handsomely-carved brackets and wall-pockets selling at reduced prices at the Model Book Store.

—Chief Police Keller, of Lock Haven, arrested in this place a young girl from that city who had deserted her family to lead a life of prostitution.

—Powers' shoe store is far ahead in point of quantity and quality of anything in Centre county. Call and see us.

—Lock Haven's City Council has ordered the fire committee to purchase a car load of Snow Shoe coal.

—Lock Haven has recently had several fatal cases of diphtheria.

—The entertainments given by the refined and versatile Coleman Sisters, ably supported by the most comic of comical, Connley, last week, Thursday and Friday evenings, were a decided success both as to audience and interest taken in the programme. The banjo duetts by Misses Alice and Clara Coleman were the finest imitations of church chimes we have ever had the pleasure of listening to. The "Eccentric Dutchman," a character taken by Mr. Frank Connley, won rounds of applause. Taken altogether, these were the finest entertainments of the kind the good people of Bellefonte have ever had the pleasure of attending.

—On next Friday evening the election of officers for the ensuing year will be held in the rooms of the Young Men's Christian Association, of this place. All gentlemen who feel an interest in the affairs of the Association are invited to be present, as all, whether active or associate members, are entitled to a vote in the selection of the various officers. The Association deems this duty one of the most importance which it is called upon to perform, as on the selection of the officers depends largely the success of the association. We are glad to notice that the interest in the workings of the association is increasing.

—W. R. McFarlane, Esq., of Reedsville, Mifflin county, in company with Col. D. H. Hastings, gave the REPUBLICAN brains-box a friendly call last Thursday evening. Those who attended the Fair will remember Mr. McFarlarne's display of Short-horn cattle. He operates one of the largest and best farms in Central Pennsylvania, and raises nothing but first-class stock. It should be the aim of every farmer to secure the best breeds of cattle, and we advise all who contemplate this to give Mr. McFarlane a call.

—Dave Fortney's Lock Haven speech was reviewed by last week's Clinton *Republican* and completely upset. It says of the stumpist: "Mr. Fortney may entertain the idea that his qualifications as a Democratic stump speaker are of the *ne plus ultra* order, but in the opinion of nine-tenths of his audience he succeeded most admirably in making a consummate ass of himself." Dave is well known in this community as an expert at that kind of performances.

—We are willing to leave it to the person at our elbow whether it does not look a little suspicious when a young, unmarried man causes to be shipped to his address from another point forty or fifty pieces of household furniture. And yet we have a young friend in this place who went through that ordeal last week, but he keeps on in the even tenor of his ways, and the fact that he will soon be married hasn't detracted one bit from his personal agreeableness.

—Geo. Scheid, Esq., proprietor of the Harmonia hotel, Lock Haven, was struck in Yearger's saloon, this place, last Friday night and severely injured by a man named Michael Cooney. Next morning Cooney and Howard Spangler were arrested and taken before Squire Gephart, who bound them over to court in the sum of $300 each.

—Among the callers at the REPUBLICAN sanctum last week was Captain C. S. Marks, Esq., a leading lawyer of Lewistown. The Captain, though comparatively a young man, lost an arm in the late war. From all appearances, we believe our visitor to be a sound Republican—solid to the core.

—The Reading Fire Insurance Company, of Reading, Pa., have secured an efficient agent in the person of Bond Valentine. It is one of the best companies represented here, and Mr. Valentine is sure to secure for them a good business in this locality.

—To insure freshness, John C. Miller & Co. receive their caramels twice a week, and sell them at forty cents a pound.

—For stoves, tinware and stovepipes below cost, go to Isaac Haupts. 40-1m.

—Fine toilet soap at Green's.

"LIES! BIG LIES!"—Not so fast, my friend; for if you would see the strong, healthy, blooming men, women and children that have been raised from beds of sickness, suffering and almost death, by the use of Hop Bitters, you would say, "Truth, glorious truth." See "Truths," in another column. 2t

AMONG American manufacturers, few have done our country as much credit as the Mason & Hamlin cabinet organs, which have been acknowledged the best at all the great world's exhibitions for many years. See advertisement.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

The Associate Judgeship.

LOCK HAVEN, Oct. 14, 1878.

EDITOR REPUBLICAN—

Dear Sir: I notice that Charles S. McCormick, Esq., is announced as a candidate for the office of Additional Law Judge in this judicial district. I desire to say a word respecting him, for, although he has lived all his life in a county adjoining your own, and is descended from a line of honest men who were farmers on the West Branch of the Susquehanna for more than a century, yet he may be comparatively unknown to many of the Centre county readers of your paper.

I have known Mr. McCormick well for more than twenty years. He graduated at La Fayette College in 1858, and at once entered on the study of the law, and after studying with great diligence and attention for two years, the prescribed time, he was, in 1860, admitted to the bar. Well qualified by education and close and careful study of the law, he entered on its practice with every promise of success, and was not disappointed, for he soon gained clients rapidly, and for a long time he has been in possession of a large and steadily increasing practice. He is a very truthful and a most honorable man, and an excellent lawyer, as all upright persons having a competent knowledge of him must testify, and no man here has the respect, confidence, and esteem of a larger portion of the members of the bar, or of more of the best portion of the citizens. He loves, and he is proud of his profession of the law, and he will watch with a jealous eye, and will guard against any and everything that will either sully or degrade its honorable character. He is quiet in demeanor, and in the practice of his profession he is painstaking, patient and very laborious—virtues, all of them, not unbecoming to a judge. His mind is essentially judicial: keen in analysis and accurate in its conclusions; and such is his moral integrity that, before he would knowingly do a wrong act, he would march to the martyr's stake, and should he be elected to the office named that he will perform his duties, great and small, faithfully, he will answer with his life.

Mr. McCormick is deeply religious, and I scarcely need add, is a sincere temperance man, and with him on the Bench there will be no escape from any limitation the law has thrown around the sale of intoxicating lsquors. Yours, very truly,

CLINE G. FUEST.

Gaining Popularity.

The Central State Normal, under the principalship of Professor A. N. Raub, is on a fair way of becoming the most popular normal school in the State. It commenced its second year's work with decidedly encouraging prospects. The interest manifested by students, teachers, and, in fact, all those who have any knowledge of the institution whatever, gives proof that a great amount of work is done, and in consequence of their being much work done, the result is that much good is accomplished in the advancement of education; and we hope that the public will fully recognize the obligation it is under to support this institution. That ere many years the fruits of this most prominent school will be felt in some of the most prominent fields of education, is beyond doubt.

Inasmuch as it has already established for itself such a reputation as gives credit to any institution of this kind, it cannot help but rise to distinction in the eyes of the educational public.

Improvements are being made as rapidly in the building and on the grounds as the pecuniary circumstances will admit, which shows readily that it is the sole object of the trustees and the faculty that the school shall be second to none in the State, and we think that it is the duty of every individual residing in this normal school district to do all in his power toward supporting the Central State Normal. A number of improvements over last year have been made in the building and on the grounds. The water closets and sewer, which are now completed, are decided improvements for the comfort of the students over the privileges enjoyed last year. The new road that leads up to the building is far superior to the old one, being very much shorter, while the inclination is barely one-third as steep. As this is a decided improvement in the way of reaching the building with vehicles, so is the new walk which has been laid to reach the building on foot.

The fact that the graduating class of last year numbered sixteen, which is a greater number than some much older schools could represent, and

NEWMAN---The King Clothier,

STILL TAKES THE LEAD!

THE LARGEST, BEST & CHEAPEST STOCK EVER BROUGHT TO THIS COUNTY.

Winter Suits at . . .	$3 50	Suits of Underwear . .	40 cts
Overcoats at	2 50	Hats, Boots, Gloves, &c.,	at low prices.

Clothing made to order at Lowest Prices by first-class Tailors.

while the senior class of this year numbers over twice as many, convinces us at once that the school is fast becoming popular.

It must be confessed that State normal schools do more good to the commonwealth (excepting theological seminaries), than any other institution of learning, no matter what you may term them. In the first place, they afford to the student the opportunity of advancing himself in any particular profession he may choose to select. While in connection to all these privileges, the State normals make it a specialty of preparing teachers; and while these persons receive such an education as will be an honor to themselves and make them an ornament in the society in which they may happen to reside. They are also able to take hold of our public school system, advance it and instruct the rising generation in a far more enlightened way than would be possible, were it not for such institutions. So the reader will notice that the advantages are double those of any other institution.

First—That of educating the individual.

Second—Through this individual educate the rising generation.

And in connection with this, allow us to state, that the Central Normal is doing its share of this work in a noble and praiseworthy manner. Its success in this particular work is due to the number of experienced teachers of which the faculty is composed. They all fully understand the secret to make teaching a success. We assure the reader of this who wishes to obtain a thorough and liberal education, that the Central Normal is the place for him, and the sooner he accepts this golden opportunity the better he will be satisfied.

STUDENT.

Unionville.

Our quiet borough has been the occasional scene, during the past few weeks, of political excitement, the campaign being opened by the youngest party in the field, calling themselves Greenbackers, or the National Labor party. They had, as they claim, able speakers, who exerted their vocal powers to the utmost to inflate the people of this community with their green ideas; but even greeny himself failed to make one single impression, or that other man, to Yoke-'em. Next we were summoned to listen to the claims of Democracy, which seemed so closely allied to the former that a little more inflation on the part of the latter would blend them into one, in which event they propose electing the next President. But, alas! how suddenly their fond hopes and bright aspirations will be darkened when that brave old eagle of the Republican party penetrates the canvas of their structure and scatters all, all, to the autumn winds!

In a series of plays or exercises the best is left until the last, so on the evening of October 12th the Republicans rallied around the lamp posts in front of Dr. E. A. Russell's office, on Centre street, to hear the issues of the day discussed from a protective tariff and hard money platform. Able speakers were present, and addressed the meeting in a pleasing, eloquent and forcible manner, proving clearly, beyond any doubt, which party in this country, by its deeds in the past as well as its aims for the future, is entitled to the suffrages of the people.

SECRETARY.

WASHINGTON.

Special Correspondence.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 12'78.

Later dispatches from Tuesday's battle field had the effect to rally the abhorents of Democracy and "fiat" money from the terrible demoralized condition into which they were thrown by those first received and evidently written immediately succeding the cessation of hostilities, before the casualities suffered by their opponents on the more distant portions of the field had been fully ascertained. But the failure of the former to hold their grip in Ohio is, among them, a tabooed subject of conversation; and whatever cause for rejoicing they have found in details of results elsewhere, is rendered less delicious from being coupled with the remembrance that the last one of the chief stakes played for in the Oct. elections, and that a "favorite son" was so wounded and crippled as to have forever made him ineligible as his party's nominee for the Presidency, for which he was in training. The merciless gerrymander of the State last winter was fatal to any reasonable hope on the part of Republicans to retain their ascendancy in the Congressional delegation. Indeed, they must be conceded to have done better than well under the circumstances; and only the vote on the State ticket can be regarded as correctly indicating the sentiment of Ohio voters towards the Democratic administration of State affairs during the present year. If they can discern anything reassuring in it, their organs of vision must be preternaturally acute—sharper than that of the longest-sighted politician here. Mr. Thurman deliberately turned his back on the record of his whole public life and in a mirage, seemingly sent to test the sincerity of his professed principles, he saw the front door of the White House opening to him from the new direction. But the illusions has faded away, the White House is really at his back, the stream on whose farthest bank he lies stranded, rolls between him and it; the bridge he wantonly burned is consumed past repair, and he seems as hopelessly separated from the goal of his ambition as was the rich man in torment from the safe haven in which he saw Lazarus, across the firey gulf that eternally divided one from the other. There is little disappointment expressed in any quarter here over the result in Indiana, except that the Greenbackers or Nationals failed most signally where they had boasted of overwhelming strength. As in Iowa, the Republican defeat in Congressional districts now held by them is chiefly attributed to the acceptance of Kearney's advice by Greenbackers and Democrats by "pooling their issues." But the prevalent opinion that the tadal wave of the Greenback craze touched high-water mark in Maine and is already ebbing seems not without foundation. Its western limit is evidently some distance east of Colorado. The election of less than a dozen members of Congress in four States which make the central point of its origin and whece it radiated to the outlying territory is the extent of its success. Even to accomp lish this much alien aid was necessary. How much Democracy will have gained in the long run can be approximately computed when it is remembered that it consented to the sacrifice of its party organization, even to the surrender of its machinery in the districts where such ruinous concessions were demanded as the price of the alliance. The loss of Congressmen is to be much regretted at this juncture by Republicans; but Tuesday's elections were not without many encouragment to its vast majority in favor of the preservation of the national credit, and unalterably opposed to committing the government to the cheating and swindling policy advocated by the mass of Democracy as well as by Greenbackers proper.

Ben Hill is one of the coterie of Southern politicians who have been masquerading here in Washington some years under the guise of devoted patriotism and conservative statesmanship which knows noSouth, North, East or West, but only their reunited country for which it would be sweet to die. But Benjamin, like some of the others, had his part so indifferently committed, that he has gradually come to be appreciated at his real value about the White House, and, as is alleged, his influence has correspondingly suffered. They seem to have been equally sincere at home as elsewhere; denying the sycophancy and fawning towards the administration with which they were charged, and stoutly asserting that they never lost an opportunity when here to twit Mr. Hayes with being a "fraud" and with other misdemeanors. But we hear from Georgia that Mr. Hill is fully atoning for his failure in the past to abuse everybody but ex-confederates, by the action and whole-souled manner in which he is now doing so, thus regaining the forfeited confidence and admiration of the Ku Klux members of his party. It is intimated that jealousy aroused for the preference still shown Gordon at the White House, has exasperated Ben to this effort to install himself in the place Gordon is said to have held as their Generalissimo.

Mr. Wade Hampton is another of the little batch above alluded to. He also seems in a great measure to have lost caste, and he has recently been warned of the waning confidence felt in him by Deven's letter to Northup. From all accounts it was not written a day to soon.

LEO.

READING NOTICES.

Dr. VanDyke's Sulphur Soap.

DR. VANDYKE, whose life long speciality, and world-wide reputation for curing Skin Diseases, has endeavored for years to combine an EXTERNAL TREATMENT. He has accomplished this desirable result in the preparation of his compound "SULPHUR SOAP," the merits of which is spoken of by thousands; it is highly recommended to all our readers. Price 25 cts., by mail, 35 cts a box; 3 cakes, 60 cts., by mail, 75 cts. Office, 50 north 5th St. Wholesale Depot, 400 N. 3d St., Philadelphia, Pa. Sold by all Druggists.

9-27-1y-eow

New Advertisements.

ELECTION PROCLAMATION.

GOD SAVE THE COMMONWEALTH.

I, L. W. MUNSON, High Sheriff of the county of Centre, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do hereby make known and give notice to the electors of the county aforesaid, that an election will be held in the said county of Centre on

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1878,

it being the Tuesday following the first Monday of November, (*the polls to be opened at seven o'clock a. m. and closed at seven o'clock p. m.*) at which time the Freemen of Centre county will vote by ballot for following officers, namely:

One person for Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

One person for Lieutenant Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

One person for Secretary of Internal Affairs for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

One person for Supreme Judge of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

One person duly qualified for the office of President Judge.

One person duly qualified for the office of Congress.

One person duly qualified for the office of Senator.

Two persons duly qualified for the office of Assembly.

One person duly qualified for the office of Sheriff.

One person duly qualified for the office of Treasurer.

One person duly qualified for the office of Prothonotary.

Three persons duly qualified for the office of Commissioner.

One person duly qualified for the office of Recorder.

One person duly qualified for the office of Register.

Three persons duly qualified for the office of Auditor.

One person duly qualified for the office of Coroner.

I also hereby make known and give notice that places of holding the aforesaid election in the several boroughs and townships within the county of Centre, are as follows, to wit:

For the township of Haines, at the public house of John Limbert, (Aaronsburg.)

For the township of Half Moon, at the school house in Stormstown.

For the township of Taylor, at the house erected for the purpose, on the property of Leonard Merryman.

For the township of Miles, in the school house in the town of Rebersburg.

For the township of Potter, (northern precinct) at the public school house at Centre Hall.

For the township of Potter, (southern precinct), at the public school house at Potter Mills.

For the township of Gregg, at the public house owned by J. R. Fisher, Penn Hall.

For the township of College, in the school house at Lemont.

For the township of Ferguson, (old precinct), in the school house at Pine Grove.

For the township of Ferguson, (new precinct), in the school house at Baileyville.

For the township of Harris, in the school house at Boalsburg.

For the township of Patton, at the house of Peter Murray.

For the Borough of Bellefonte, and the townships of Spring and Benner, at the Court House in Bellefonte.

For the township of Walker, in the school house at Hublersburg.

For the borough and township of Howard, at the school house in said borough.

For the township of Rush, at the Cold Stream school house.

For the township of Snow Shoe, at the school house at Snow Shoe station.

For the township of Marion, at the house of Joel Kline, in Jacksonville.

For the borough of Milesburg, at the school house in Milesburg.

For the township of Boggs, at the new school house at Central City.

For the township of Huston, at the Silver Dale school house.

For the township of Penn, at the public house of Wm. S. Musser.

For the township of Liberty, in the school house at Eagleville.

For the township of Worth, at the school house at Port Matilda.

For the township of Burnside, at the house of K. Boak.

For the township of Curtin, at the school house near Robert Mann's.

For the borough of Unionville and the township of Union, at the new school house in Unionville.

For the borough of Philipsburg, at the new school house in said borough.

NOTICE is also hereby given, "That every person, excepting the justices of the peace, who shall hold any office, appointment of profit or trust under the government of the United States, or of this State, or of any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer, or otherwise, subordinate officer or agent, who is or shall be employed under the legislative, executive or judiciary department of this State or of the United States, or of any city or incorporated district, and also that every member of Congress, and of the State Legislature, and of the select or common council of any city, or commissioners of any incorporated district, is, by law, incapable of holding or exercising, at the same time, the office or appointment or judge, inspector or clerk of any election of this Commonwealth; and that no inspector, judge, or other officer of any such election, shall be eligible to any office to be then voted for."

Given under my hand and seal, at my office in Bellefonte, this 2nd day of October, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight, and in the one hundred and second year of the Independence of the United States.

L. W. MUNSON,
Sheriff of Centre County.

10-40

PROPOSALS for building a bridge (abutments and superstructure) across the Bald Eagle creek, at Unionville, will be received at the Commissioners' Office until 12 o'clock M. of the 19th inst. Specifications can be seen at their office, in Bellefonte, Pa. The Commissioners reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

H. A. MINGLE,
A'N'W. GREGG,
J. N. HALL,
Comm'rs.

HENRY BECK,
Clerk.

CIDER Grape Juice Are kept Sweet By PRESERVES

PRESERVING FLUID.

W. ZINSSER & CO., 197 William Street, New York. 39-4w

S. & A. LOEB'S Space.

A FEW QUESTIONS For The People:

Why do you pay $1.25 to 1.50 for a sack of salt that we sell for $1.00?

Why do you pay 10 cents for muslin that we sell for 8 cents?

Why do you pay $2.00 for a pair of Button Shoes that we sell for 1.25?

Why do you pay 25 cents for Alpaca that we sell for 15 cents?

Why do you pay four dollars for a pair of boots that we sell for three dollars?

Why do you pay ten dollars for a suit of clothes that we sell for eight dollars?

Why do you pay one dollar for a hat we sell for seventy-five cents? and thousands of other articles in a like proportion.

Why do you always spend your money for a FEW goods, when a very little money will buy a GREAT MANY.

ECONOMY IS WEALTH.

WE OFFER NO BAITS.

OUR STOCK IS COMPLETE.

Our Prices are Below the Lowest.

S. & A. LOEB.

10 38 tf

New Advertisements.

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TRADE MARK. The Great English Remedy, an unfailing cure for Seminal weakness, Spermatorrhea, Impotency and all diseases that follow as a sequence of Self Abuse: as loss of Memory, Universal lassitude, pain in the back, dimness of vision, premature old age, and many other diseases that lead to insanity and consumption and a premature grave. TRADE MARK.

Before Taking.

After Taking.

☞ Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one. The Specific Medicine is sold by all druggists at $1 per package, or six packages for $5, or sent free by mail on receipt of the money by addressing

THE GRAY MEDICINE CO.,
No. 10 Mechanics' Block, Detroit, Mich.

HARRIS & EWING, Wholesale Agents, Pittsburgh, Pa. vol-10-37-1y

PARIS, 1878
SWEDEN, 1878.
PHILADA, 1876.
SANTIAGO, '75.
VIENNA, 1873.
PARIS, 1867.

AT EVERY WORLD'S EXPOSITION For 12 Years Highest Honors Have been awarded the

MASON & HAMLIN
Cabinet Organs.

At the Paris Exposition this year they are awarded the GOLD MEDAL, the highest recompense at the disposal of the jury. They have also received the GRAND GOLD MEDAL OF SWEDEN & NORWAY, 1878. No other American Organs have ever attained highest award at ANY world's exposition. Sold for cash or payments by installments. Latest CATALOGUES, with newest styles, prices, &c., free. MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN CO., 39-4t BOSTON, NEW YORK, or CHICAGO.

AGENTS WANTED for DR. MARCH'S NEW BOOK! FROM DARK TO DAWN

In this new volume the Popular Author of Night Scenes in the Bible portrays with vivid and thrilling force and eloquence the events of Sacred Truth, and adds fresh testimony to the beauty, pathos and sublimity of the Stories of the Bible. Agents will find this Book with its sparkling thoughts, glowing style, beautiful Engravings, and rich bindings, the best in the market. Terms Liberal. Particulars Free. Address, J. C. McCURDY & CO., Philadelphia, Pa. 39-4w

The ANTIDOTE TO ALCOHOL FOUND at LAST.

THE FATHER MATHEW REMEDY

Is a certain and speedy cure for intemperance. It destroys all appetite for alcoholic liquors and builds up the nervous system. After a debauch, or any intemperate indulgence, a single teaspoonful will remove all mental and physical depression. It also cures every kind of Fever, Dyspepsia and Torpidity of the Liver. Sold by all druggists. Price $1 per bottle. Pamphlet on "Alcohol, its Effects, and Intemperance as a disease," sent free on writing to the **Father Mathew Temperance & Manf'g Co.**, 36 Bond St. New York. 39-4w

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the co-partnership heretofore existing between John C. Miller and John S. Lyon, doing business under the firm name of John C. Miller & Co., has been this day dissolved by mutual consent. The books and accounts of the late firm have been left in the hands of John C. Miller for settlement.

JOHN C. MILLER,
JOHN S. LYON,

Bellefonte, Oct. 3, 1878.

The same business will hereafter be conducted at the old stand, in Bellefonte, by John C. Miller and Augustus M. Hoover, under the firm name of John C. Miller & Co.

JOHN C. MILLER & CO.

New Advertisements.

PROVERBS.

"The Richest Blood, Sweetest Breath and Fairest Skin in Hop Bitters."

"A little Hop Bitters saves big doctor bills and long sickness."

"That invalid wife, mother, sister or child can be made the picture of health with Hop Bitters."

"When worn down and ready to take your bed, Hop Bitters is what you need."

"Don't physic and physic, for it weakens and destroys, but take Hop Bitters, that build up continually"

"Physicians of all schools use and recommend Hop Bitters. Test them."

"Health is beauty and joy—Hop Bitters gives health and beauty.

"There are more cures made with Hop Bitters than all other medicines."

"When the brain is wearied, the nerves unstrung, the muscles weak, use Hop Bitters."

"That low, nervous fever, want of sleep and weakness, calls for Hop Bitters."

Hop Cough Cure and Pain Relief is Pleasant, Sure and Cheap.

For sale by F. Potts Green, Bellefonte, Pa. 38-4t

SWEET Chewing JACKSON'S BEST NAVY Tobacco!

Awarded *highest prize* at Centennial Exposition for *fine chewing qualities* and *excellence and lasting character of sweetening and flavoring*. The best tobacco ever made. As our blue strip trade-mark is closely imitated on inferior goods, see that *Jackson's Best* is on every plug. Sold by all dealers. Send for sample, free. P. C. A. JACKSON & Co., Mfrs., Petersburg, Va. G. F. WARDLE, General Agent, Philadelphia 41 4t

Ear Diseases.

Dr. C. E. Shoemaker's Book on Deafness and diseases of the Ear and their proper treatment—especially Running Ear. How to get immediate relief from all the unpleasantness of this disease, and a perfectly harmless and permanent cure. A book every family should have. Sent free to all. Address Dr. C. E. SHOEMAKER, Aural Surgeon, Reading, Pa. 41-4w

LAME BACK

BENSON'S CAPCINE POROUS PLASTER is for lameness or weakness of the back, Rheumatism and all local aches and pains, the best remedy known. It was invented to overcome the slow action of the ordinary Porous Plasters. It relieves pain at once, and cures where other plasters will not even relieve. Sold everywhere by Druggists, price, 25 cents. 39-4w

New Advertisements.

PATENTS

OBTAINED for Inventors, in the United States, Canada, and Europe, at reduced rates. With our principal Office located in Washington, directly opposite the United States Patent Office, we are able to attend to all Patent Business with greater promptness and despatch and less cost, than other patent attorneys, who are at a distance from Washington, and who have, therefore, to employ "associate attorneys." We make preliminary examinations and furnish opinions as to patentability, free of charge, and all who are interested in new inventions and Patents are invited to send for a copy of our "Guide for obtaining Patents," which is sent free to any address, and contains complete instructions how to obtain Patents and other valuable matter. We refer to the German-American National Bank, Washington, D.C.; the Royal Swedish, Norwegian, and Danish Legations, at Washington; Hon. Joseph Casey, late Chief Justice U. S. Court of Claims; to the Officials of the U. S. Patent Office and to Senators and Members of Congress from every State. Address, LOUIS BAGGER & CO., Solicitors of Patents and Attorneys at Law, Le Droit Building, Washington, D. C. 17-tf

THOROUGH EDUCATION FOR YOUNG LADIES.

LAKE ERIE SEMINARY,

PAINESVILLE, Ohio,

On the Mt. Holyoke Plan.

A very healthful location, beautiful surroundings, greatly improved and enlarged buildings and apparatus. Offers to young ladies all the advantages of a Christian Home, with thorough course of instruction in the Higher Branches of Education.

TERMS, $170 PER YEAR.

Including board and tuition, fuel, lights and lectures, instruction in French and German use of Library, Periodicals, &c.

For Catalogue, with *full information*, address the Principal. 29 2m

Black Forest Oil Catarrh Remedy

WARRANTED TO CURE IN ALL CASES.

Where directions are followed. Sold by all druggists in one and two dollar packages. Patients using our remedy should write us fully of their cases, and we will send them special directions. If your druggist has not our remedy, write to us at once for sample package, circulars, &c Address, F. H. BOWER & Co., Pittsburgh, Pa., General agents for the United States and Canada

25 FANCY CARDS with name, 10c., Plain or Gold. 150 styles. Agt's outfit 10cts. Hull & Co., Hudson, N. Y. 41-4w

J. E. CALDWELL & CO.,

902 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia,

Jewelers and Silversmiths,

DEALERS IN

PLATED WARES, WALTHAM WATCHES,

—AND—

IMPORTED FANCY GOODS.

The citizens of Bellefonte and Vicinty are cordially invited to visit our store.

INQUIRIES AND ORDERS BY MAIL PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

10-40-13t

Bellefonte Republican.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Farm and Fireside.

A New Process for Sugar-Making.

We are always anxious to give our readers the earliest information on all subjects likely to affect their welfare. There have been very few inventions, of recent date, more likely to do this than a new process for crystalizing sugar from corn stalks and sorghum, the discovery of which is claimed by F. L. Stewart, a chemist of Pennsylvania, and which has recently been successfully tested on a small scale by Professor Collier, chemist of the Agricultural Department at Washington. Professor Stewart claims to have discovered certain chemical preparations, by the use of which every farmer will be enabled to undertake the manufacture of sugar from his own corn-stalks and sorghum, without the large outlay necessary to produce sugar from sugar-cane. The nature of these chemicals, and the method in which they operate, are as yet secrets, and the inventor expects to derive his profits from the use of these articles, of which he has the monopoly.

The following is a condensed account of the process of making sugar by this new method:

First—So soon as the juice has been pressed out of the corn-stalks or sorghum, heat it in a copper or tin-lined vessel to a temperature of 185° Fah., as shown by a thermometer, the bulb of which is immersed in the juice.

Second—When the juice has attained this temperature, stir into it a fluid ounce of lime to each gallon of juice, or from five to seven pints of the former to each hundred gallons of the latter.

Third—Then heat the whole rapidly to the boiling point.

Fourth—So soon as it begins to boil, if heated by steam, shut off the steam, or otherwise remove the juice from the fire, and when the sediment begins to settle, draw off with a siphon the clear liquid from the top until nine-tenths of the whole quantity of juice has been removed, leaving a thick, muddy sediment at the bottom.

Fifth—Place this sediment in a bag and add the liquid that filters from it through the bag to the clean liquid which has been siphoned off.

Sixth—The clear liquid which has been obtained by siphoning and filtering should be allowed to cool to 150° Fah. and then there should be added to it solution B—one of Professor Stewart's preparations—at the rate of one fluid ounce to a gallon of juice, or from five to seven pints to a hundred gallons. Enough of the solution should be added to neutralize the lime in the juice, and this point can be determined by dipping a piece of blue litmus paper into the juice, when if enough of the solution has been added, the color of the paper will change to red.

Seventh—The juice must be rapidly evaporated and skimmed frequently to remove any scum from the surface, while small quantities of solution B must be added, if the boiling juice will not turn the blue litmus paper red.

Eighth—When the boiling syrup has attained a temperature of 235° Fah., as shown by a thermometer immersed in it, it must be removed from the fire, and kept to crystalize in a room whose temperature should be about 80 Fah. To promote crystalization a few grains of granulated sugar may be added to the cooling syrup when it has reached a temperature of 100° Fah.

Should this discovery prove as efficacious on a large scale as it is reported to have done on a small one, it will be of vast importance to the agricultural community, and consequently to the nation at large.—*Rural New Yorker.*

Clean Your Wheat.

We cannot too strongly impress upon the minds of our farmers the necessity of cleaning their wheat from all impurities—such as oats, barley and cheat before they put it upon the market. Experience has shown us that two or three pounds of cheat, oats or barley in 100 pounds of wheat will depreciate the price of it from ten to fifteen cents per hundred pounds. From this the farmers will see that it is for their interests to clean their wheat, thus saving the cheat, oats or barley, which makes good chicken or hog feed, beside obtaining from two to three dollars more a ton for wheat. Farmers must do their work themselves, or pay others good wages for doing it, beside giving away good food for their chickens, and receiving a less price for their otherwise good wheat.

Remedy for Rats.

A farmer says: "Four years ago my barn was fearfully infested with rats. They were so numerous that I had great fears of my whole crop being destroyed by them after it was housed; but having two acres of wild peppermint that grew in a field of wheat, cut and bound with the wheat, it drove the rats from my premises. I have not been troubled with them since, while my neighbors have any quantity of them. I feel confident that any person who is troubled with these pests could easily get rid of them by gathering a good supply of mint and placing it around the walls or base of their barns."

Saving by Handfuls.

One handful of hay is not much, nor, for the matter of that, are twenty handfuls; the saving or wasting of so much would neither make nor break a man. But with twenty head of cattle to feed twice or thrice a day, the saving of a handful apiece, every time, would amount to something before the pastures are green again upon our frost-bitten hills. Do you ever think of it? We are not hinting at stinting the cattle. But how many of us allow animals to waste a handful each at every feed, for want of a little attention to feeding arrangements? How many head of stock on our northern farms require a handful more of hay at every feed to keep up the animal heat, than they would require if their stables had all the cracks stopped, that let in the cold winds of winter?

A handful of manure is but a trifle; yet the addition of a single handful in a hill of corn may make the difference between long, full ears and stinted nubbins, when the harvest comes. How many handfuls of manure are going to waste every day about our yards and buildings? Could you not save half a bushel a day, by being careful? And the liquid manure—is there not enough lost every day to make a good many long ears where we shall probably find only nubbins next fall?

Handfuls of hay; handfuls of manure—these are small matters, say you? Yet upon just such small matters depends many a man's success or failure in life. Here is one man that attends to them carefully, and at the end of twenty or thirty years he has a competency for old age; another neglects them as beneath his notice, and is always behind hand; he lives and dies short in pocket and short in comfort. We do not preach niggardliness; it is by saving when we may that we prepare ourselves to be liberal when we will. Save the handfuls!

Taking Care of the Corn Crop.

There is a great deal of nonsense written in regard to cutting and shocking corn, tying the fodder, etc. All kinds of plans are suggested and all kinds of material recommended to tie with—twine, wire, hay, flax waste, oats straw, etc.—and elaborate instructions given about making the bands. After all, there is no material better than good rye straw, and the best way is to carry it to the field in bundles and make the bands as you want to use them. In cutting corn there is no better way than the old one—tying two, three or four hills together by the tops to support the shock. The device known as the "grasshopper" is very good, but the shocks do not stand up as well as by the other method. A device for pressing the shocks together before tying is described in this number, and it is an excellent one for the boys who have not the stature and strength necessary, but a good stout man needs nothing but his arms.

It is conceded by all good farmers that no work on the farm pays better than saving the corn fodder in good shape. It is the very best kind of feed for horses and cattle, and even for shdep, if properly prepared. Cutting up to the ground is the speediest method of harvesting, besides being most economical. Topping is a slow process, especially if an attempt is made to save the leaves below the ear, and is rarely practiced by corn growers now.—*Practical Farmer.*

Cure for Blind Staggers.

We give the following cure for blind staggers: Take three tablespoonfuls of Jamestown weed seed, put them in a pint of clear water, and boil them until you make a strong tea; strain the tea that you may get all the seed out. Mix with this tea one ounce of the spirits of nitre and ounce of paregoric—or three pods of pepper will answer. This compound forms a liniment, of which take one tablespoonful and pour in each ear. Let the horse rest about fifteen minutes, then take a half-pint of assafœtida tea, one ounce of hartshorn and one tablespoonful of ground mustard. This you may squirt up each nostrel until he begins to snort freely, and then you may stop, as the water collected around the brim will run out at the ears and nose.

Lice on Cattle.

The best, as well as the cheapest and surest remedy for lice on cattle we have ever used is kerosene. It is easily applied. First, saturate a sponge with water, then dip it in the oil, and go over the parts infested. We purpose trying oil in the whitewash for the chicken house this fall, and think it will prove a sure cure. It may make the place look a little streaky or smeared, and, if it does, it will not hurt; but it will, we think, rid us of pests. When we told "Dick" to paint the roosts and nests with it, and put a little under the wings, he thought our idea was to kill off his broods because of their raids on the small fruit bushes; now, he, too has learned its value.

——According to the custom of the Ottoman Court the Chamberlain of the palace telegraphed last month to one of the Imperial Commissioners at Batum requiring him to puchase for the Sultan, at the earliest possible date, a dozen girls varying between the age of 12 and 18. Carte blanche was given for the prices, which are likely to amount to a very considerable sum. In itself the affair is but an example of the peculiar customs of Turkish monarchy; but in connection with the events of the moment seems to indicate an utter disregarded for public opinion and the exgiencies of the hour.

Garibaldi is in excellent health and spends most of his leisure hours in stimulating the "Unredeemed Italy" movement. He is soon to receive a visit from Victor Hugo.

NEW YORK.

The Great Book Sale—Something about Dictionaries—The Suit Against Tilden—What the Ex-Gov. Looks Like—President Hayes' Visit.

Special Correspondence.

The semi-annual trade book sale here is always an interesting occasion and is one which grows in importance year by year. Its idea, when first instituted, was to enable publishers and dealers to clear off by auction each spring and fall the surplus or unsalable stock which they might find on hand at the time of its occurrence. By degrees, however, this use of the trade sale became secondary to another, namely, the ascertaining of the real market value of different works by putting up small lots of each and noting the prices obtained. Doing this year by year and comparing the figures brought by any given book at different times furnishes the publisher the most reliable indications of the growth or decline of its popularity. Nearly all the great publishing houses now avail themselves of this method which has in consequence gained great importance. The fall sale for 1878, just closed, lasted eight days and disposed of a large quantity of books.

It was a noticable fact that the heavier classes of reading found the greatest favor. Scientific and religious works brought relatetively larger figures than either new or standard fiction, Buckle and John Stuart Mill leading Dickens and Thackeray, and Webster's Dictionary being held at stiffer prices than anything else in the catalogue. More than 1,000 of the various editions were sold and had the publishers been willing to drop fifty cents from their usual rates, 20,000 copies of the unabridged could have been easily disposed of.

Seeing these facts in the report of the trade sale reminds me of a flying visit that I made to the office of the Merriams when in Springfield a few months ago. This firm, owning and publishing the remarkable "Unabridged," was started under the style of G. & C. Merriam as far back as 1831 and for a full generation its founders were its only members. Of late years a third brother has been admitted, but no change was made in the name which will soon have completed a half century of existence. The concern published at first only law books; but coming at length into relation with Noah Webster, their attention was turned to educational publishing, and they issued the famous "Webster's Speller," of which they still own the copyright, and of which I suppose some forty or fifty millions of copies must have been printed. Their great work, however, has been the publication of the dictionary, and this I firmly believe has been and still is to them as much a labor of love as of profit. The shrewdness, liberality and vigor with which they have handled it from the start are the admiration of the whole book trade, and can hardly fail to have been remarked by the most casual observer. Having been impressed by these qualities one is hardly prepared for the quiet, and the rather quaint, old-fashioned air of the venerable office, itself located on a side street of a provincial city, where so much important and effective work is planned, and whose influence is co-extensive with the language.

During my brief call here I saw more of interest than I have space to describe. I was shown, among other things, a copy of the first "Revised Edition" of the Dictionary published in 1847; and by comparing this with the latest copy could obtain a good idea as to the changes and growth of our etymology during these thirty years. The way in which Webster's has been made to keep pace with this constant progress, and even to aid and shape the latter would make a most interesting letter by itself. The mass of manuscript which I saw just as it came from the most eminent specialists of Europe and America, and which forms a part only of the copy from which the present edition was electrotyped, gives some idea of the vast amount of labor and research which must have been expended in order that its results, boiled down to the extreme of condensation, should fill nearly 2,000 printed quarto pages. When next you have occasion to look up a word in a Webster just notice what a stupendous headwork and hand-work its compilation and arrangement, its type-setting and proof-reading, its wood-engraving, printing and binding have involved.

The sudden and mysterious disappeerance from Marquette, Michigan, of the books of the New York Iron Mining Company, which were to have been used in the income suit against Ex-Governor Tilden, was supplemented by a small comedy in this city. Under the supposition that the missing books might be found in Mr. Thos. Harland's possession, our Assistant United States District Attorney procured a warrant authorizing a search of that gentleman's trunk, which was expected from the west. Numerous deputies were stationed at the Grand Central Depot, and baggage from the west was carefully examined. In the mean time the sought for trunk slipped through the fingers of anxious officials without being noticed, and the momentous question of "who stole the books?" is still an open one.

I happened to see the famous Ex-Governor a day or two since, walking across City Hall Square, with his peculiar, slow, awkward gait, and I could not help being reminded of Dicken's character of Nadget, the detective, in *Martin Chuzzlewit*, as in the case of his prototype in fiction, secretiveness and mystery seem to be written all over the victim of the Electoral Commission. His cold blue eye is usually fixed on the ground, and even when raised to our own betrays neither thought nor feeling. As he slouches unobtrusively along the beholder would hardly imagine that he even knew of the existence of such things as presidential elections or income tax suits; but he would instinctively feel that whatever secrets might be contained in that spare and feeble form, clad in its shiny, ill-fitting broadcloth, were safer from prying eyes than they would be behind bolts and bars.

President and Mrs. Hayes honored the city this week with a flying visit, putting up at the Fifth Avenue Hotel. Although his stay was short the President managed to get over a good deal of ground. A short reception was held, and Sarony, the photographer, had the pleasure of taking ten negatives of the chief of the nation, as well as several of Mrs. Hayes. The President also found time to make a thorough visit to the Custom House, passing through all the departments and indulging in the usual unlimited hand-shaking. The party proceeded immediately to Washington. RADIX.

Personal Items.

James Gorden Bennett is forty-two.

Senator Bayard of Delaware has originated a new peach.

Marshal and Mme. McMahon lately sent to minister Noyes 6,000 francs for the yellow fever sufferers.

Thomas Carlyle has begun his autobiography, which he intends to be his last work, and which is to be published after his death.

People blessed with fine voices generally take great delight in sweet sounds. This trait accounts for the fact that the great Prima Donna, Patti, is said by a Cardiff paper to have purchased Craigy-nos Castle, near Istradynglais.

There are four candidates for the Bulgarian throne—the Prince von Battenberg of the family of Hesse, who is the Russian candidate; General Ignatieff, the panslavic candidate; Prince Emmanuel Vogorides and Prince Karageorgevitch.

"The Claimant," Orton, alias Sir Roger Tichborne, is now employed at Portsmouth dockyard, sawing timber. He is much thinner than he was. At first they set him to brick making, but he attracted too much attention from the curious visitors.

The Hon. Caleb Cushing, lately nominated candidate for State Attorney-general of Mass. on the Butler ticket, has been suffering from irysipelas in the head for two months past. It has compelled him to suspend all literary work.

Musical.

When eleven pieces of music can be had for fifteen cents, it would seem that the idea that the "divine art" is an expensive luxury was an erroneous one. The October number of "Church's Musical Visitor," in addition to the large supply of good reading matter, contains the following songs and pieces:

1. "The Step at the Door," song and chorus.
2. "John Anderson, My Jo," Scotch song.
3. "Only Sixteen Dresses to Wear," comic.
4. "An Earnest Aim," vocal duet.
5. "I think of Thee," ballad.
6. "Blessed are the People," anthem.
7. "Mowers' Song," quartet.
8. "Shady Glen Waltz."
9. "Chopin's Mazourkas," op. 17.
10. "Duet Movement," for organ.
11. "March of the Masqueraders."

As the price of the *Visitor* is but 15 cents, or $1.50 a year, with premium, we do not believe that so much good music has ever been offered before at so trifling a cost. The October *Visitor*, in its literary departments, contains articles, poems, stories, and correspondence, by the best writers on the musical subjects. We advise our musical readers to send for specimen copy to the publishers, John Church & Co., Cincinnati, Ohio.

"The Soul of Socialism."

Prof. W. G. Summer's paper on "Socialism," in *Scribner's Monthly* for October, is attracting wide attention. The New York *Evening Post*, reviewing the article at great length, under the title "The Soul of Socialism," says: "Professor Summer's article is not a long one, but so compact is it and so directly does the author go to the heart of his subject that it is, without exception, the most notable and is likely to be the most effective exposition of the real nature of the prevalent political disease which has been printed in any of the magazines or reviews since socialism first seriously threatened the life of society in this country." And again, in an editorial based upon Prof. Sumner's paper: "He tells the hundreds of thousands of persons who read *Scribner's Monthly* certain truths which, if they can be brought to the knowledge of the great body of the American people, will speedily make an end of the career of socialisric philosophy in this country." A paper by Prof. Summer on "Greenbacks" will appear in an early issue of *Scribner*.

"The Transportation Question." Stephen D. Dillaye's paper in September *Scribner* on "The Transportation Question" has attracked much attention.

The third edition, 79th thousand of the number containing this paper, is now ready and may be had at news-stands. An able paper on the other side of the gauge question is soon to appear in the magazine.

VEGETINE

Rev. J. P. Ludlow, Writes;

173 BALTIC STREET, BROOKLYN, N. Y., Nov. 14, 1874.

H. R. STEVENS, Esq.

Dear Sir—From personal benefit received by its use, as well as from personal knowledge of those whose cures thereby have seemed almost miraculous, I can most heartily and sincerely recommend the VEGETINE for the complaints which it is claimed to cure.

JAMES P. LUDLOW,
Late Pastor Calvary Baptist Church,
Sacramento, Cal.

VEGETINE

SHE RESTS WELL.

SOUTH POLAND, ME., October 11, 1876.

MR. H. R. STEVENS:

Dear Sir—I have been sick two years with the liver complaint, and during that time have taken a great many different medicines, but none of them did me any good. I was restless nights, and had no appetite. Since taking the VEGETINE I rest well and relish my food. Can recommend the VEGETINE for what it has done for me.

Yours respectfully,
MRS. ALBERT RICKER.

Witness of the above,
MR. GEORGE M. VAUGHAN,
Medford, Mass.

VEGETINE

GOOD FOR THE CHILDREN.

BOSTON HOME, 14 TYLER STREET, BOSTON, April, 1876.

H. R. STEVENS:

Dear Sir—We feel that the children in our home have been greatly benefited by the VEGETINE you have so kindly given us from time to time, especially those troubled with the Scrofula.

With respect,
MRS. N. WORMELL, Matron.

VEGETINE.

REV. O. T. WALKER, SAYS:

PROVIDENCE, R. I., 164 TRANSIT STREET.

H. R. STEVENS, ESQ.

I feel to express with my signature the high value I place upon your Vegetine. My family have used it for the last two years. In nervous debility it is invaluable, and I recommend it to all who may need an invigorating, renovating tonic.

O. T. WALKER,
Formerly Pastor of Dowboin-square Church, Boston.

VEGETINE

NOTHING EQUAL TO IT.

SOUTH SALEM, MASS., Nov. 14, 1876.

MR. STEVENS:

Dear Sir—I have been troubled with Scrofula, Canker and Liver Complaint for three years. Nothing ever did me any good until I commenced using the Vegetine. I am now getting along first-rate, and still using Vegetine. I consider there is nothing equal to it for such complaints. Can heartily recommend it to everybody.

Yours truly,
MRS. LIZZIE M. PACKARD,
No. 16 Lagrange Street, South Salem, Mass.

VEGETINE.

RECOMMEND IT HEARTILY.

SOUTH BOSTON.

MR. STEVENS:

Dear Sir—I have taken several bottles of your Vegetine and am convinced it is a valuable remedy for Dyspepsia, Kidney Complaint and General Debility of the system. I can heartily recommend it to all sufferers from the above complaints.

Yours respectfully,
MRS. MUNROE PARKER.

VEGETINE

Prepared by

H. R. Stevens, Boston, Mass.

Vegetine is Sold by all Druggists.

30-4t

Professional Cards.

J. G. LOVE, Attorney-at-Law, Ja'71-tf Bellefonte, Pa., Office on High St.

A. O. FURST, Attorney-at-Law, office in his new building, north side and opposite the Court House. 8 1-tf

CLEMENT DALE, Attorney-at-Law, office on High Street, second door from First National Bank. 8 42-tf

W. A. MORRISON, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa.

E. BLANCHARD.....E. M. BLANCHARD.
E. & E. M. BLANCHARD, Attorneys-at-Law, v6 1-1y Allegheny Street, Bellefonte, Pa.

D. S. KELLER, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office North-west corner of Brockerhoff House, next door to Centre County Banking Co. 5 17-1y

D. F. FORTNEY, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Special attention given to the collection of claims. Office over Reynolds & Co.'s Bank. v6n1-1y

C. T. ALEXANDER.....C. M. BOWERS.
ALEXANDER & BOWERS, Attorneys-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office in Garman's building, opposite Court House. 6-1—9-32

BUSH, YOCUM & HASTINGS, Attorneys-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa. Office North-east corner of the Diamond, opposite First National Bank. 7 1-1y

STITZER & MAGEE, Attorneys-at-Law. Office on Allegheny Street, over Reynolds' bank, Bellefonte, Pa. May be consulted in English or German.

JOHN I. IRWIN, Attorney-at-Law. Office North side of the Diamond, Bellefonte, Pa. Collections carefully attended to, and remittances promptly made.

Banks and Bankers.

R. C. HUMES, Pres't.....J. P. HARRIS, Cash'r.
FIRST NATIONAL BANK of Bellefonte, Allegheny Street, Bellefonte, Pa. v6n1-1y

Physicians and Dentists.

DR. E. I. KIRK.

DR. J. W. RHONE, Dentist, can be found at his office and residence on North side of High Street, three doors East of Allegheny, Bellefonte, Pa. 10-16 1y

G. M. SWARTZ, Dentist, located at Bellefonte, Pa. Office in the Myers property, on Bishop street, opposite Graham's Shoe Store. 8-23

DR. J. D. GEISSINGER, DENTIST.

A graduate of the Pennsylvania College of Dental Surgery, Philadelphia, has permanently located in Bellefonte, Pa., for the practice of Dentistry in all its branches, including the treatment of diseases of the mouth.

Office: Second floor, Furst's building, North side of Court House. 10-31-tf

Dry Goods, Groceries and Provisions.

OPENING OF THE

FALL SEASON.

Valentines & Co.

HAVE LAID IN A LARGE STOCK OF

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING,

GROCERIES,

Queensware, Glassware, &c., &c.

REMEMBER OUR LOW PRICES:

Tea, per pound.....40 cents
Coffee, per pound.....20 cents
Soap, per cake.....4 cents
Syrup, per gallon.....60 cents

SALT IS LOWER THAN EVER—A Car Load just received.

Wanted---1000 Bushel Potatoes

Will pay the HIGHEST market price for Butter and Eggs.

Humes' Block, - Bellefonte, Pa.

HARRY K. HICKS,

(Successr to T. A. Hicks & Bro.)

WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALER IN

HARDWARE, STOVES, OILS, PAINTS, GLASS, PUTTY, &C.

☞ Also has the agency of the South Bend Chilled Plow for this county.

I WILL NOT BE UNDERSOLD BY ANY PARTY THAT SELLS THE SAME QUALITY OF GOODS.

Clothing.

SEASON of 1878!

Fine Clothing

MADE TO YOUR OWN ORDER

CHEAPER THAN

READY - MADE.

THE LARGEST AND CHEAPEST ASSORTMENT OF

HATS AND CAPS!

FINE SHIRTS

A SPECIALTY.

BUY GOOD WARM CLOTHING AT LOW PRICES FROM

Montgomery & Co.

No. 7 Brockerhoff Row.

10 4-tf

WM. S. TRIPPLE.

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Spring Street, Bellefonte, Pa.

FASHIONABLE SUITS

MADE TO ORDER AT

LOW CASH PRICES.

v5 12-1

Confectionery.

CANDY MANUFACTORY AND BAKERY.

Mr. Albert Kauth,

—AT THE—

Bishop Street Bakery,

is now making the very best BREAD, CAKES AND PIES in Bellefonte.

Candies and Confections.

He also manufactures all kinds of candies, and dealers can purchase of him as low as in the city. Candies of all kinds always on hand, together with Oranges, Lemons, Figs, Dates Nuts, Syrups, Jellies and everything good.

CENTRE COUNTY OYSTER DEPOT.

An excellent oyster saloon also attached to the Bakery. Call and see me

8 32-1y ALBERT KAUTH.

Medical.

A LECTURE To Young Men.

Just Published, in a Sealed Envelope. Price 6 cents.

A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment, and Radical cure of Seminal Weakness, or SPERMATORRHOEA, induced by Self-Abuse Involuntary Emissions, Impotency, Nervous Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, &c.—By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., author of the "Green Book," &c.

The world-renowned author, in this admirable Lecture clearly proves from his experience that the awful consequences of Self-abuse may be effectually removed without medicine and without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings, or cordials; pointing out a mode of cure at once certain, and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

☞ This lecture will prove a boon to thousands and thousands.

Sent, under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, on receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps.

Address the Publishers,

THE CULVERWELL MEDICAL CO.,

41 Ann St., New York; Post Office Box, 4586.

16-27-1y

SELLERS' LIVER PILLS

have stood for 30 years the Standard Remedy for the cure of *Liver Complaints, Costiveness, Sick Headache,* and *all* derangements of the Liver. Read: "Sellers' Liver Pills cured me of Liver Complaint, which compelled me to quit work."—Wm. Andrews, Baltimore. "I can recommend Sellers' Liver Pills. They have saved *hundreds of dollars* in doctor's bills."—Thos. Adams, Big Sandy, Kentucky. Price 25c. a Box. Sold by all Druggists and country Store Keepers.

R. E. SELLERS & CO., Prop'r, Pittsburgh, Pa.

HUNT'S REMEDY The Great Kidney Medicine is not a new compound; it has been before the public 8 years and used by all classes, HUNT'S REMEDY has saved from lingering disease and death hundreds who have been given up by Physicians to die. HUNT'S REMEDY cures all Diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder, and Urinary Organs, Dropsy, Gravel, Diabetes, and Incontinence and Retention of Urine. HUNT'S REMEDY encourages sleep, creates an appetite, braces up the system, and renewed health is the result. HUNT'S REMEDY cures Pain in the Side, Back, or Loins, General Debility, Female Diseases, Disturbed Sleep, Loss of Appetite, Bright's Disease of the Kidneys and all Complaints of the Urino-Genital Organs. HUNT'S REMEDY is purely vegetable, and meets a want never before furnished to the public, and the utmost reliance may be placed in it. HUNT'S REMEDY is prepared EXPRESSLY for the above diseases, and has never been known to fail. One trial will convince you. Send for pamphlet to

WM. E. CLARKE, PROVIDENCE, R. I. — HUNT'S REMEDY

CANDIDATES STICKERS.

Arnold's Pat. Ready-Cut Blanks

Dispenses with the tedious delay of hand clipping. Ask your printer for a sample, or address

JAMES ARNOLD Manufacturer, Phila., Pa.

39-4t

Hardware, &c.

HARDWARE!

JAMES HARRIS & CO.,

ARE SELLING VERY LOW

REAPER SECTIONS AND REPAIRS,

And all kinds of Farming Tools,

RAKES FORKS, SCYTHES, CRADLES, SPROUT'S HAY FORKS,

ROPE BLOCKS, ETC., ETC.,

As well as all kinds of HARDWARE, to meet all demands in this line. 25

Planing Mill.

Laird, Foutz & Bartley

(Successors to McClellan & Speer)

PROPRIETORS OF

BELLEFONTE

PLANING MILL

MANUFACTURERS OF

Sash,

Doors,

Sidings,

Floorings,

Mouldings,

Scroll Work,

Stairs,

Building Material,

Cottage Bedsteads,

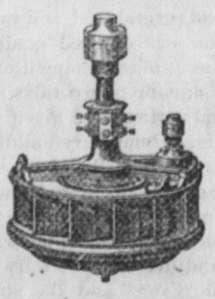
Frame Work, and all styles of work generally found in a first-class planing mill.

LAIRD, FOUTZ & BARTLEY,

10 23 6m Bellefonte, Pa.

Foundry and Machinists.

W. P. Duncan & Co.,



BELLEFONTE, PA.

ENGINEERS & MACHINISTS.

BELLEFONTE

PATENT WATER WHEEL,

STEAM ENGINES,

CIRCULAR SAW MILLS,

ROLLING MILL

AND

Grist Mill Machinery.

5 46a812-tf

THOMAS H. RHOADS,

is prepared to do

PAPER HANGING, PAINTING & GLAZING

at reasonable rates. Orders left at his residence on Lamb street, Bellefonte, Pa., will receive prompt attention.

☞ Satisfaction guaranteed. 8-12-1y

W. L. FOULK, Agent Pennsylvania, Ohio, and Western Press Association, is hereby appointed the sole and only authorized agent for the BELLEFONTE REPUBLICAN, for Pittsburg, Allegheny and vicinity—this to hold good for six months or further extended.

Bellefonte, April 16, 1877

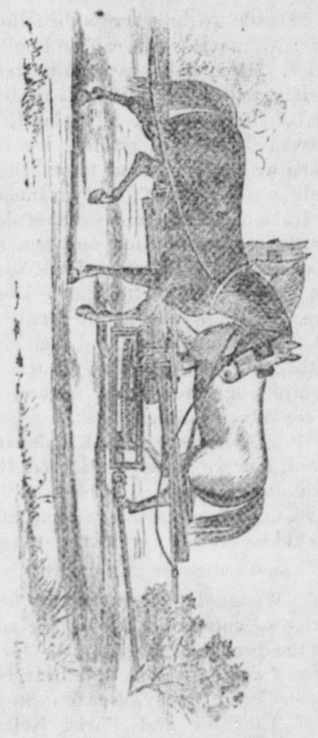
Farming Implements.

HORSE - POWER

AND

Threshing Machine,

With Straw Carriers of different sizes.



The above cut represents a two-horse

SWEEP POWER

IRON FRAME,

Very simple in its construction, and durable

IT IS A TUMBLING

BAR POWER,

AND HAS AN IRON JACK.

In these times of financial depression money is more easily saved than earned. So that every farmer needs his own

THRESHING MACHINE

AND

POWER,

to thresh when it suits him, and when his men and horses have nothing else to do. Address

W. H. H. Nivling & Co.,

TYRONE, PENN'A.

10-31-3m

Lumber.

LUMBER. MILL AT SNOW SHOE, PA. } YARD AT BELLEFONTE, PA. } P. B. CRIDER. F. W. CRIDER.

P. B. CRIDER & SON,

MANUFACTURERS.

In connection with their Mills in Snow Shoe, Centre county, Pa., they have started

A Retail LUMBER YARD near Duncan, Hale & Co.'s Mill, Bellefonte, Pa,

where they are prepared to fill orders promptly for any kind of BUILDING MATERIAL, FENCING, PAVING, &c White and Yellow Pine, Oak and Hemlock Plank, Boards, and Building Lumber; Flooring, Ceiling, Siding and Weatherboarding; Weather-boards, Surfaced Boards and Stripping; Posts, Rails, Pailings and Scantling; Roofing and Plastering Lath, Sheathing and Shingles; Doors, Frames, Sash, Blinds, Shutters and Mouldings.

CELLAR GRATES, WINDOW WEIGHTS AND BRICK; LIME, HAIR, GLASS, NAILS, &c., &c.,

☞ A reasonable amount of farm produce taken in exchange.

10-16 1y

BEST business you can engage in. $5 to $20 per day made by any worker of either sex, right in their own localities. Particulars and samples worth $5 free Improve your spare time at this business. Address STINSON & CO., Maine. 10 21 1y

$66 a week in your own town. $5 Outfit free. No risk. Reader, if you want a business at which persons of either sex can make great pay all the time they work, write for particulars to HALLET & CO., Portland, Maine. 10 21 1y

WHY GO WEST? Send for Delaware Farm Catalogue and Maps. J. F. MANCHA, Dover, Del.

Star Parlor Organ.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES

DURING

FEBRUARY & MARCH

WE WILL SELL A

Star Parlor Organ

WITH UPRIGHT WALNUT CASE, CARVED LIDS, CARVED BRACKETS, VENERED PANELS, ARTISTIC WORKMANSHIP, HAVING 12 STOPS TWO 5-OCTAVE SETS OF REEDS, AND ONE 3-OCTAVE SET.

LIST PRICE - $275.00.

Reduced Price $85,00.

Deposit the purchase money with your bank or responsible business man AND SEND FOR THE ORGAN. Pay freight and examine it ten days. If it satisfies you the deposit is ours; if you are not entirely satisfied, return the Organ to the railroad station and get your freight, go the bank or business man and get your money. You have not lost a penny and have run no risk.

WE FULLY WARRANT FOR

FIVE YEARS.

We are the bona fide manufacturers, having large factories in WASHINGTON, N. J., driven by steam.

We are the only advertisers from this place who make any part of an Organ.

FOR CASH WITH THE ORDER WE WILL DISCOUNT TEN DOLLARS FROM THE ABOVE PRICE.

Address,

ALLEGER, BOWLEY & CO.,

10-9 1f Washington, N.J.

Miscellaneous.

$2500 A Year. | Active Agents | $2500 A Year.

WANTED IN EVERY COUNTY, TO CANVASS OUR LINE OF FINE

PREMIUM FAMILY BIBLES.

ENGLISH and GERMAN, PROTESTANT and CATHOLIC.

Comprising nearly 100 different Styles, with numerous elegantly Illustrated Explanatory Features.

The most COMPLETE, PERFECT and BEAUTIFUL line of Bibles ever offered to the American Public.

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Grand Combination Prospectus

OF 150 DISTINCT PUBLICATIONS.

Representing Agricultural, Biographical, Historical, Religious and Miscellaneous Works, and Family, Pulpit and pocket Bibles and Testaments, wanted in every family.

A Novel Feature in Canvassing. Sales made from this Prospectus, when all single books fail.

Also GENERAL and LOCAL AGENTS WANTED on our

GREAT WAR BOOK,

The most Comprehensive, Reliable and Accurte History of the late conflict between The Russian and The Turk, with its 300 elegant Engravings, Maps and Plans, the most showy, desirable and useful book now published. For Circulars and Liberal terms, address,

JNO. E. POTTER & CO., Publishers,

PHILADELPHIA.

9-36-1-y

Watchmaker.

WATCHMAKER'S

REMOVAL.

F. C. RICHARDS

takes this opportunity to inform his friends that he has removed to the new building lately erected by Blanchard & McCafferty, next door to the office of Alexander & Co., on High St. At his new store he has increased facilities for doing business, and guarantees entire satisfaction to all who may favor him with their patronage. Clocks, watches and jewelry repaired on short notice. 7-8-tf

TEMPERANCE ORCHESTRA

THE above organization can be engaged to play for churches, Sunday schools, social entertainments, temperance organizations, festivals, &c., at very reasonable rates, by applying by letter or in person to the leader.

E. A SMITH, Leader.

No 7, Rumes' Block. 7-4f

Bush House.

IMPORTANT TO TRAVELERS!

—THE—

BUSH HOUSE!

BELLEFORTE, PA.,

has been thoroughly renovated and repaired, and under the management of the new proprietor, MR. GEORGE HOPPES, formerly of Pittsburgh, is first-class in all its appointments.

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS

Are offered to those in attendance at COURT, and others remaining in town for a few days at a time.

The Largest and most Superbly Designed Hotel in Central Pennsylvania.

ALL MODERN CONVENIENCES. GO TRY THE BUSH HOUSE.

GEORGE HOPPES, Proprietor.

Wilson & McFarlane--Hardware.

STOVES, RANGES,

—AND—

HARDWARE,

CHEAPER THAN EVER!

WILSON & McFARLANE

ARE SELLING ALL KINDS OF

Double & Single Parlor Heaters,

COOK STOVES AND RANGES,

LOWER THAN THEY WERE EVER SOLD BEFORE. ALL KINDS OF

HARDWARE, PAINTS,

Oils, Varnishes, Glass, &c.,

ARE SOLD VERY LOW. They are the only party in this County selling the celebrated

ARMSTRONG'S McKELVY'S PURE WHITE LEAD.

GUARANTEED STRICTLY PURE AND BETTER THAN ANY LEAD IN THE MARKET.

It will pay one double to buy at the new Hardware Store, Humes' Block Allegheny-street, Bellefonte, Pa.

9 14-tf. WILSON & McFARLANE.

Fairbanks' Scales.

FAIRBANKS' SCALES.

FAIRBANKS.

THE STANDARD OF THE WORLD

Over 300 Modifications.

TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF EVERY BUSINESS

SCALES.

Made with the Latest and Most Valuable Improvements.

Two Grand Prizes

AT PARIS EXPOSITION.

Received Highest Medals at

World's Fair, London,	1851
World's Fair, New York,	1853
World's Fair, Paris,	1867
World's Fair, Vienna,	1873
World's Fair, Santiago (Chili),	1875
World's Fair, Philadelphia,	1876
World's Fair, Sydney (Australia),	1877
World's Fair, Paris,	1878

FAIRBANKS & EWING,

715 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

10 38 13t

ESSENTIAL OILS.

WINTERGREEN, PEPPERMINT, PENNYROYAL, SPEARMINT, &c.

of prime quality, bought in any quantity for cash on delivery, free of brokerage, commission storage, &c., by

Dodge & Olcott,

Importers and Exporters, 88 William St., N. Y.

10-24-6m

PAINTERS.

DOAK & LONBERGER,

Painters, Paper Hangers and Kalsominers will attend promptly to all orders in their line of business, addressed to them by mail or left at he REPUBLICAN office. 9 28-1y

FARM FOR SALE.—We offer for sale a farm in Marion township, containing three hundred and eighty-eight acres, about fifty acres cleared a ood house and barn, wash house and other neccessary buildings on the place, also goo water and a large assortment of fine fruit tr s. This is a good opportunity for anyone wanting a good home. Terms to suit purchaser. Price $5,500. Apply to

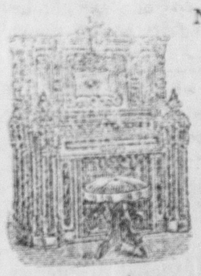
EDWARD T. TUTEN,

10 9-tf REPUBLICAN office.

Bellefonte, Feb. 25, 1878.

Organs & Sewing Machines.

WAR! WAR! WAR!



NEW 13 STOP PARLOR ORGANS, PRICE, $340; FOR ONLY $110 CASH.—NEW 9 STOP ORGANS FOR

$70. PRICE, $270.

NEW SEWING MACHINES

COMPLETE FOR $25.00.

Come and see for yourselves, at

BUNNELL & AIKENS'

Music Store,

ALLEGHENY ST., BELLEFONTE.

27-tf

Shaving Saloons.

M. S. GRAHAM,

FASHIONABLE BARBER,

In basement of the Conrad House, Bellefonte, Pa. The best of razors, sharp and keen, always on hand. He guarantees a shave without either pulling or pain. Perfumery, hair oil, hair restoratives, etc., constantly on hand. *Warm and Cold Baths.* 5 1 tf

WM. MILLS,

FASHIONABLE BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER.

Pleasant rooms and experienced workmen, Felty's new building, High street, Bellefonte, Pa. 5 29 1y

RAILROAD HOUSE,

Corner Front and Pine Street,

Philipsburg, Centre County, Pa.

ROBERT LOYD, Proprietor.

The best of liquors and cigars constantly on hand. The table is well supplied with the best the market affords. 9 25 1y

Bellefonte Republican.

By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

PUBLISHED EVERY
WEDNESDAY MORNING
AT BELLEFONTE, PA.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—No communications published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.

Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

Local Department.

—T. P. Rynder, of Altoona, was in town last week.

—Our Murphy people should secure the services of Colonel Hoy.

—John C. Miller & Co. receive fresh candies every week.

—Newman has the cheapest and best suits in town. Solid fact.

—Several Lock Haven hacks conveyed passengers to and from the Fair grounds last week.

—Time for churches to have fire in their furnaces while services are being held.

—Look at Newman's $2.50 overcoats. They are very cheap and good.

—William H. Gentzell, formerly of Gregg township, has located in Kansas.

—A full line of all the school books used in this county at John C. Miller & Co's.

—If there are any betting men in town who want to risk their chances on Ohio, let them come this way.

—Fairs should be abolished to give more room for old Probabilities to show his ugliness.

—Mrs. Maria Weaver, of Potter's Bank, has purchased the residence of Jonathan Dinges, in Millheim.

—Under all circumstances Newman will and does sell cheaper than any other store in the county. Try him.

—The public schools were closed last week in order to give the youngsters and teachers time to attend the Fair.

—The latest designs in vases and toilet sets just received, and the prices are much lower than last season at John C. Miller & Co's.

—Ex-Conductor William Irvin, formerly of the Bald Eagle Valley railroad, is managing for the Coleman sisters.

—B. H. Fredericks, Esq., of Lock Haven, was thrown from a wagon last Wednesday and fatally injured by fracturing his skull.

—The new firm at the Model Book Store show lots of enterprise. John and Gust say they believe in advertising. They deserve success.

—Pat McAfferty and Jack Agar, two of Lock Haven's staunch business men, were among our people last week. Mr. McAfferty is well known here.

—Dr. Keyes, who has lectured a number of times in this county, has accepted a call from the Parsons (Ka.) Presbyterian church. So says the Millheim *Journal*.

—E. Conrad, Esq., editor of the McVeytown *Journal*, one of the Republican congressional conferees, called at the REPUBLICAN office. Call again, Cooney.

—The Penitentiary committee visited the stone quarry on the summit of the Allegheny mountains, along the Bellefonte and Snow Shoe railroad, one day last week.

—Read this carefully and reflect over it! We wish to call your attention to our superior stock of boots and shoes, and especially our prices. If you consult your interests you will call at Powers' boot and shoe store, Bush's Arcade.

—John R. Stevenson, a type-sticker on Kinsloe's Lock Haven *Republican*, visited our Fair last week. The ex-devil conducted himself superlatively good while admiring our world's Fair—ladies. Tut, tut, our pen went too far.

—I offer for sale foliage plants—those on the tables at the county Fair last week, and others—about fifty varieties in all. Also a fine collection of tulips, very large bulbs, and hyacinths for bedding out this fall. James Y. McKee, State College.

—W. H. Wilkinson, agent for John Wanamaker, opens to-day at his rooms in Furst's building, opposite the Court House, one thousand dollars' worth of ladies' and misses' winter coats, which he offers at same identical prices as those over the counters at the Grand Depot, Philadelphia.

THE COUNTY FAIR.

A Success Financially and Otherwise—Smaller Display of Exhibits this Year than Last—Great Crowds.

Wednesday morning last opened with a clouded sky and a strong southwest wind moving, but these rather discouraging outlooks as to weather did not deter those who were preparing for the Fair. On different parts of the grounds and in the buildings individuals were busily engaged in arranging articles for exhibition, and putting things in shape. The attendance of visitors was larger than that of last year's opening day. In the afternoon quite a crowd thronged the buildings, but Thursday was set down as

THE BIG DAY.

Bright and early Thursday morning the roads leading to the grounds began to show signs of activity, and by ten o'clock they were literally filled with vehicles of every description—buggies, phaetons, trucks, spring and "big" wagons—carrying as many persons as could get into them. In all our experience we never saw such a large number of wagons, buggies, etc. After entering, the conveyances were driven up along the hill-sides, and when Old Sol had passed the meridian, a thousand or more vehicles covered the grounds. the sight was unique and novel. Shortly after dinner the crowd reached the climax, and was estimated to be six thousand. The refreshment stands were busy, and the cry of "here's your double-jointed, cross-eyed, humpbacked California pea-nuts," was heard on every hand. The darkey songster discoursed genuine negro melodies, and put forth plenty of comic lingo that greatly amused his by-standers, while the festive street-hawker treated his hearers to choice(?) sayings. When the races were called the great mass stationed itself on the rising ground to the east of the course. Umbrellas and sun shades were brought into use, for the sun's rays were a little too genial.

Early in the afternoon persons from a distance began moving homewards, and as evening approached the crowd diminished. At five o'clock the races closed, and the tired, hungry crowd left the grounds. Night came, and the premises were left to the police, and the articles of which they had charge.

On Friday forenoon little worthy of comment occurred, the crowd not being large. In the afternoon the attendance was much larger, but behind Thursday's by a good jog. There was a contest between lady and gentlemen horseback riders, a running race, and a race against time by Middagh's horses, an account of which will be found under the proper head. After these were finished the assemblage dispersed, and the Fair was virtually at an end. Many goods were removed Thursday night and Friday, which detracted considerably from the attraction. Below will be found a report of the various departments:

HOME DEPARTMENT.

The long tables and high racks in this well-arranged building were loaded with specimens of the handiwork of our people. Last year, it will be remembered, the demand for space was limited on account of the large number of entries. This season the number of entries was not so large, and hence a better display resulted. On Thursday thousands of people passed up and down the long aisles, and, as a matter of course, scrutinized everything that came under their observation. Almost every article was properly and plainly labelled, and no trouble was experienced in telling just what we were looking at. To the "unsophisticated," the uses of many things might have been misconstrued but for the distinguishable manner in which they were marked.

On entering we first looked at the photographic display by Bellefonte artists, and, so far as we have heard, all unite in meritorious praises of their work. To the right was a show case of goods from the Model Book Store with cards hanging about, saying that each and every article could be duplicated. To the left, on frames, hung several pieces of ready-made clothing from the Eagle Clothing Store; in the upper corner were several Standard organs and a patent churn. At the northern end of the tables was located a grand floral display from Coe's green houses, Lock Haven, and James Y. McKee, of State College. Many choice varieties of rare and delicate floral gems were on exhibition. On the tables and racks were, among other articles, the following: Quilts of rare design, paintings by home artists, elaborately-worked pincushions, tidies, laces, colars, splashes, counterpanes, mats, match-cases, rugs carpet, crosses, wreaths, etc. An old violin, said to have been made in 1516, attracted much attention. The work on it is highly artistic. On sounding it we found the tone to be full and clear, and presume an accomplished *artiste* could produce sweet strains o harmonious music from the ancient instrument. There was a small specimen of pen-drawing, several pair of stockings and gloves and two or three pieces of ladies' underwear, all executed creditably. Of wax flowers and fruit work we saw but two specimens. Further on we found several sets of buggy and draft harness, home-made hat rack of deer horns, a string of 600 beads, no two alike, pair of ornamental stands decorated in the style of the Japanese ceramic art, vases of same kind of finish, a very pretty collection of fossils, a fine specimen case of gold and silver ores from California, Montana and Utah Ter. The Howe sewing machine occupied a space in the building, and a lady operator practically explained what it could do.

Along the sides of the long building, on shelves and narrow tables, were the productions of our lady friends in the form of bread, cakes, pies, doughnuts, etc. Jellies were plenty, and it would be difficult to mention a kind that was not on exhibition. The well-filled glasses were longingly eyed by many a passer-by, which as much as indicated, "I'd like to be a judge on *that* committee if we would dare take a wee taste of those jellies." In this section were pickled cherries, preserved peaches, pears, etc.

The Grangers of the county occupied the western side of this building, but it was difficult to perceive any difference. The manner of showing a division was not plain, and hence many persons failed to notice that such a division was intended. However, that matters little, as our Granger friends done nobly, and sustained their reputation as getters-up of good and fancy articles of every description.

AGRICULTURAL AND HORTICULTURAL.

These departments, which so greatly interest the farmer, were not, we are told, up to last year's display, with the exception of the fruit show. Fine looking specimens of potatoes were not near so plenty, and the presence of other "big things" was missed. This may be accounted for from the fact of the dryness of the season, although the corn on exhibition was really creditable. Grains and seeds of various kinds looked extremely good, and bore evidence of a growing intelligence on this particular point among our farmer friends.

Among the display of apples we noticed the following varieties: Rambow, pound, golden pippen, nonesuch, Baker, Adams, brown orange, Newark, bell flower, pumpkin (very large), blush, Boston russet, orange (especially large and fine), mammoth pippin (do.), maiden's blush, smokehouse, twenty ounce, (what do you think of that?), and red winter. There were several varieties of grapes, but we failed to see any of unusually large size.

In seeds and grain we note the following: Wheat—Fultz, Red, Shoemaker, Washington, Glaze, Clawson, Glaze White; barley, oats, rye, clover, timothy, grass and corn of every variety. There may haye been others, but our eyes failed to see them.

Beans, of domestic growth, onions, cabbages, celery, beats, red and sugar, were shown to good advantage. The celery display was small and not very good.

OTHER THINGS.

At the extreme northern end of the building stood two nicely-finished buggies—the only two on the grounds for exhibition. Near the buggies was a display of marble work from the Bellefonte Works. The designs were neat and highly finished.

Under the same roof, but at the southern end, stood an elegant display of parlor and cook stoves from Bellefonte merchants. Granite tinware attracted much attention, and received many encomiums. One naturally thinks, while looking at such a lot of fine heating irons, that times have changed. Indeed they have, for the time has come when you can sit before a comfortable parlor stove and raise your eyes but slightly to ascertain the time of day—the little clock ticks away as an ornament on top the stove. Then, there is so much polished work about these stoves that they fairly shine with beauty. The Grangers occupied the western shelving in this building, and their show was equal to the "free to all side."

STOCK DEPARTMENT.

The exhibition of stock this year was, from all indications, up to last year, while many are of the opinion that 'twas better. In this one particular our farmers are up to time, although there is still room for improvement. While passing along the stock sheds, located along side a sparkling stream, we were pleased to see so fine a display of horses. Draught horses were plenty and creditable, while the lighter grades were fully up to our expectations. The cows, sheep, bulls and calves looked well and convinced us that our farmers are gradually realizing the utmost necessity of securing the best breeds to be obtained. Old boney animals were not to be seen, and such a kind would have been hissed at. We were informed by an experienced cattle raiser who has attended three fairs this season, that our display of cattle was far in advance of those exhibited at the two previous. The display was not exceedingly large, but large enough to show what we have in the county. The judges all united in saying that the exhibit was one of the best ever at our Fairs.

In the horse department we noticed various breeds, sizes and ages. The animals were well-proportioned, fat and sleek-looking, and betokened good care. Several fine stallions, among them a Percheon, were in the row, while a number of choice Hambletonians might have been found in the stalls. Colts of various ages, brood mares, draught and carriage horses were abundantly represented.

In cattle we came across the following: Alderney (cows, calf and bulls), Short Horn bulls, Ayershire bull, heifers and cow, Durham cow, bull and heifer. W. R. McFarland, of Reedsville, Mifflin county, was on hand with a number of Short Horn bulls, a cow and calf. They attracted universal attention on account of similarity, good condition and general appearences. The cow and calf were fine specimens of the Short Horn breed. There was another bull of that breed on the ground that was rather fine looking. The farmers of Centre ought to secure several of these valuable animals.

The Grangers occupied a department, but we have considered the exhibit as a whole. Altogether, the stock department was creditable, and should be even better next year.

DEPARTMENT OF AMUSEMENTS.

On Wednesday afternoon the first series of entertainments was given for the benefit of the people. First came a walking match, mile heat, between Isaac Baney, Newton Steel, Tom Laughlin and Christ Nolan. Nolan dropped out before finishing the second round, and Laughlin before closing the third. Baney walked over the score in 10½ minutes, a step in advance of Steel.

A running race followed, 200 yards, between Isaac Baney, Orris McCormic and John Seibert. Baney easily won, with McCormic second. Time 50 seconds.

THURSDAY'S RACES.

Thursday afternoon the walking race for horses, one-third mile, came off, with three contestants, viz: Christ Dale, Jr.'s, Bunnell & Aikens' horse, and James Dolan's. Bunnell & Aikens won, with Dale second.

The trotting race for $100, best three in five, was the biggest of the day. Four horses were entered, viz: T. J. Middagh's "Susie Parker," "Fox-chase" by same; J. Cardwell's "Kate Keller," and John Green's "John Green." While attempting to get off on the first heat one of the wheels of the sulky to which John Green was attached weakened so much that he did not go in the race, there being no other suitable wagon on the ground. The race was won by Susie Parker in three heats, taking the first in 2:43, second in 2:54, and fourth in 2:46. Fox Chase took the third in 2:47. On the third heat there was considerable crowding out by Middagh's horses, and everybody noticed it. Whenever an opportunity offered, the two would put Kate Keller in a disadvantageous position, thus preventing her from taking second money. On the fourth heat the judges informed the owner that such work would not do. The time was the fastest ever made on the course, and the race interesting to a certain degree. Fox Chase trotted the third heat without a shoe, but made good time nevertheless. Susie Parker is a beautiful traveler, and did not break once during the day. Thousands of compliments were paid the gallant little nag as she flew around the course, making the best time, as before stated, ever made on the track. Kate Keller has a good record, and made some fine spurts, although last Thursday was evidently her day off. Her driver could, with difficulty, barely hold her, and she broke times without number. Fox Chase, when under Middagh, gets in some good licks, but her first driver had some trouble.

The second race, best three in five, for all horses owned in the county not kept specially for trotting purposes, was contested for by three horses, viz: D. R. Burlew's "Kate," H. H. Kline's "Tobe," and A. Mullin's "Harry." Burlew's Kate won the race in three straight heats, in this time: 2:59, 3:10, 3:10. She so outdistanced the other two (except on the last heat, when Tobe crowded her a little) that the greatest interest centered on Tobe and Harry. Many were surprised at the mare's speed, but she went along as smoothly as an old hand. Tobe and Harry made a good many miserable breaks, and failed to show their finest trotting powers.

WEDNESDAY'S AMUSEMENTS.

Wednesday afternoon there was an exhibition of single horseback riding by ladies, in which Misses Switzer and Gross and Mrs. Neff participated. One by gentlemen, by C. Dale, Jr., and Dr. Grove. Also a display of riding in couples, viz: C. Dale, Jr., and Mrs. Neff; L. W. Gross and Miss Gross; Charlie Munson and Miss Switzer.

Following the above was a trot called the Farmers' Race. Four horses participated, viz: Bruce Lingle's "Milk Maid," Jas. Huston's "Honest Abe," Benner Wilson's "Dexter" and R. W. Roop's "Charley." Honest Abe won the race in two straight heats, but no time was given. Milk Maid and Charley trotted the third heat for second money, which was taken by the former in 4:48. Charley would have won but for his running over the score. The contest created considerable amusement, but was not close.

The mile running race attracted everybody's attention. It was between Bruce Lingle's "William Hull," W. E. Nixon's "Harry," John Liggett's "Dan" and W. C. Grove's "Lucy." Hull came in first in 2:38, followed by Dan (a Mustang pony), who took second money, and Harry left the course on the third round. The little mustang was the favorite because of his endurance, but those fellows can run all day without fagging out.

The most exciting event of the day was a race against time by Middagh's horses. It will be remembered that the day previous Sue Parker made 2:43. To-day she must beat that time in order to get the purse. Several other horses were to have gone in besides "Sue" and "Fox Chase," but some trouble arose, and "Kate Keller" and "John Green" did not put in an appearance. Sue Parker and Fox Chase got off well together, and the former came in first in 2:53. She won the two subsequent heats in this time: 2d, 2:48; 3d, 2:37. The mare was highly complimented for this fine exhibition of her trotting qualities and for having made the best time ever trotted on the course. Mr. Middagh may well feel proud of his horses, for they are good ones and hard to beat in this part of the State.

SWINE EXHIBITION.

We were struck with the meagreness of this display, as scarcely more than half the pens provided were filled. We cannot attribute this fact to the dry season, but must place it to a want of interest on the part of our farmers. In the whole collection there wasn't a hog that would weigh as much as those about which newspapers talk when butchering time comes around. There were on exhibition the following: One Poland China boar, 1 pen of shoats, 1 pen of comparatively fat hogs, 1 sow with a litter of ten pigs, and one pen of four pigs six months old, Essex boar between two and three years old.

BIRD, POULTRY AND PET SHOW.

This display, to say the least, was small, and might have been much larger had a greater interest been manifested by persons owning choice breeds of birds, poultry and animal pets. There were two cages of common pigeons, 1 coop chickens, six varieties, 3 pens of rabbits, all belonging to one person, 1 cage of maltese cats, 1 coop brown leghorns, 1 coop sprucy chickens, two geese, two pea fowls, several ducks, 1 coop Plymouth rocks and several mice and rats. The collection was of good quality, but there wasn't much competition.

OUTSIDE INSTITUTIONS.

Several parties were given permission to erect temporary buildings for their wares. The Bellefonte office of Singer Sewing Machine Manufacturing Company put up a very neat, tasty little pavillion, which was completed and decorated both inside and out with "flyers" and the stars and stripes. Several of the best machines were there, and Mrs. Buckwald, a lady operator from Philadelphia, produced some marvelous specimens of workmanship. Mr. S. Q. Mingle, general agent, was there, and done the talking, which he did efficiently and, we hope, profitably. Mr. E. P. McCloskep, manager of the Bellefonte office, was also on hand and pleasantly explained the merits of the Singer.

The Domestic Company, in connection with the Branson Knitting Machine Company, erected a very large and commodious building. To the right was the Domestic display, under charge of Bunnell & Aikens, agents, at this place. These gentlemen, too, had an expert lady operator, whose work attracted much attention. This firm also had on exhibition a number of their superior organs and an upright piano. On the whole, our Domestic friends were nicely situated.

On the left side of the building were six knitting machines, of the Branson make, operated by several ladies. This machine is capable of doing almost any kind of work in the shape of knitting, which fact was attested by the large lot of handsome specimens on exhibition. The ladies in charge manipulated the mysterious machine with dexterity, proving its ability and speed. The best thing we have to say in regard to this invention is that the machines are manufactured right here in Bellefonte—it is a Centre county industrial institution. We should think every farmer would gladly purchase one in order to relieve his wife and grown up girls from wasting time and energy by knitting in the old-fashioned way. We have the best of assurances that the machines will sell rapidly.

On different sections of the grounds were refreshment stands, over the counters of which temperance beverages, lunch, etc., were given to the thirsty, hungry throng. The sheds and canvass tents were decorated with small flags, etc.

The association boarding house furnished substantial victuals to employees, and many others in addition.

Near the main building were located a half-dozen "street hawkers," all bent on convincing everybody that their wares were the finest in the world, not even excepting those now on exhibition at Paris. Several had banjos, and entertained an audience with commendable zeal, if not a commendable sort of amusement. Smart, witty sayings ruled the day, and you would think those fellows had lived for a week or two on grindstones.

Near the entrance was one of Hulshizer's threshing machines, and one from a Lock Haven factory. Near the main building were several Oliver plows, from South Bend, Ind., and a cultivator from the York Agricultural Works. The Eagle harrow was also on the grounds. In close proximity to the threshing machines stood a canvass photograph gallery.

CONCLUSION.

In summing up for 1878, we have to say that the Fair was a success, both in point of attendance, exhibits and amusements. The receipts were good, and might have been better if a stricter rule against "dead-heads" had been enforced. In the main building we heard a number of complaints about the same things being exhibited every year. It should be the aim of every person to get up something new for each succeeding year, and in this way there can be no room for complaint.

To the Grangers are we indebted, to a great extent, for the success of the exhibition. Their exhibits were very creditable, and compared favorably with the products of other persons. When the Grangers, as a body, take such interest in the affairs of the society, we think there is no doubt of success in the future. We expect that greater efforts will be put forth next year by this organization, at least we hope so.

The officers of the society were untiring in their efforts to please everybody, for which they deserve the hearty thanks of all who attended. They were as good-natured as could be expected under the trying circumstances, but justice was done to all.

NOT A BEVERAGE.—They are not a beverage, but a medicine, with curative properties of the highest degree, containing no poisonous drugs. They do not destroy an already debilitated system, but build it up. One bottle contains more hops—that is, more real hop strength—than a barrel of ordinary beer. Every druggist in Rochester sells them, and the physicians prescribe them."—[Rochester Evening Express on Hop Bitters. 40-2t

Bellefonte Markets.

BELLEFONTE, Oct. 16, 1878.

Our merchants have laid in their stock, and the fall trade may be considered as fairly opened. The purchasing value of a dollar was never so great as now, and those who have the dollar to spend congratulate themselves on being able to obtain more than the actual worth of their money.

FLOUR.—The demand for flour is still limited at our mills, and prices are down to hard-pan.

WHEAT.—The deliverers of wheat have been quite liberal during the past month, and prices are steady, which are not remunerative to farmers. In our judgment, there never was a better time to speculate in wheat. The outlook, owing to the extreme dry weather, is very unfavorable for next year's crop. The present price—*ninety cents per bushel*—is so far below the average of our wheat that judicious investments will prove profitable. It will pay consumers to lay in a year's supply—we mean enough for family use during the next year at least. Mark the prediction.

CORN.—The present crop is short, but the very large crop in the west, with low rates of freight, will keep down prices here.

OATS.—Oats are in fair supply for local consumption.

POTATOES.—The crop is short and prices are looking up. They are now retailing at 70 cents per bushel—a very high price for this season of the year.

HAY.—There is a large crop of hay housed, but the transactions do not establish a market quotation.

QUOTATIONS.

White wheat per bushel	$ 88
Red wheat	90
Rye per bushel	45
Corn, cob	40
Corn, shelled	40
Oats new	29
Cloverseed	3 00
Flour, retail, per barrel	5 00@5 29
Flour, wholesale	4 50@4 75

HAY AND STRAW.

Hay, choice timothy, per ton	$ 8 00
Hay, mixed, per ton	6 00
Long rye straw, bundled, per ton	6 50
Short straw per ton	5 50@6 50

PLASTER.

Cayuga, ground, per ton	$ 9 00
Nova Scotia, ground, per ton	10 00

Provision Market.

Corrected weekly by Valentines & Co.

Apples, dried, per pound	5
Cherries, dried, per pound, seeded	
Beans per quart	8
Fresh butter per pound	20
Chickens per pound	6
Cheese per pound	16
Country hams per pound	12
Hams, sugar cured	15
Bacon	10
Lard per pound	8
Eggs per doz	15
Potatoes per bushel	70
Dried beef	20
Wilson's pressed beef per pound	25
Canned tomatoes per can	15
Lemons per doz	50
Dried sweet corn per pound	6
Small onions per quart	